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VOL. 15 VICTORIA, B.C., TUESDAY, AUGUST 11, 1891. NO. 36

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SIR HECTOR RESIGNS.

HIS RETIREMENT ANNOUNCED THIS MORNING.

The Minister's Course as Outlined by the Ottawa Citizen—Queer Statements of the Tory Organ—The Mercier Case Further Postponed.

OTTAWA, Aug. 11.—Surprise was expressed this morning when the Citizen, the Government organ, announced Sir Hector Langevin's resignation as Minister of Public Works. It was generally supposed that he would not withdraw from the Government till after the session. The Citizen says: "This morning Sir Hector Langevin, Minister of Public Works, will appear before the Privileges and Elections Committee for the purpose of making a statement in connection with the Tarte-McGreevy enquiry. It is understood the honorable gentleman has tendered his resignation as a minister of the Crown, considering that it was his duty to Parliament, the Government and the committee. If this is true, Sir Hector Langevin is what his friends always thought him, a chivalrous and high minded believer in constitutional precedent, even to a degree really unnecessary under existing circumstances. Though Sir Hector Langevin's enemies have triumphed, it would be but a Cadmean victory, for the day may come that his persecutors will realize how unjust have been the tactics resorted to in aiming to destroy one who for 25 years was the official colleague of the late Sir John Macdonald. We deplore the fact that he has been placed in a position reflecting on his credit; but the end is not yet. We do not believe that either Liberals or Conservatives desire to establish wrongdoing on his part. We do not believe they can, even though so desirous. He is a poor man to-day. This is an answer speaking trumpet-tongued in his favor."

The Citizen says much more in the same line, but the public will know how to judge of the organ's position.

In the House yesterday afternoon Mr. Foster replying to Mr. Laurier said that the Government was aware that a reciprocity treaty had lately been concluded between Spain and the United States. He also said the Government intended to resume negotiations for a treaty between Canada and Spain.

The Senate Railway Committee met yesterday to enquire into the Baie des Chaleurs Railway matter. None of the witnesses who were summoned put in an appearance, and the committee adjourned until to-day. The whole matter is a gigantic farce, and the affair is being conducted as a sort of side show with a view to attract attention from the McGreevy-Langevin scandal, but without success.

A New Mineral.

AUSTIN, Texas, Aug. 10.—The new mineral which has recently been discovered in Texas is causing a considerable deal of interest to be manifested throughout the state. An investigation of it is being made, and great results are expected. Its substance resembles asphalt, and is said to be unaffected by water, heat, air or alkalies, and it is claimed to be the most perfect insulator yet discovered. Numerous tests have been made, and it is found that the action of salt water and heat has no effect on it. Prof. Hamilton, the electrician of the Western Electric Company, certifies that under the tests executed in the most exhaustive manner, wire prepared with a covering of the material showed a resistance of over 7000 ohms per mile. This is said to be seven-fold the resistance offered by any other wire. There is also said to be practically no limit in the state to the supply of this strange mineral, which is found in veins ranging in depth from seven to nine feet. The world of science and mechanical industry will await with interest further investigation which is needed to prove the utility of the new discovery beyond peradventure.

Bogus Certificates.

MINNEAPOLIS, Aug., 10.—The state medical board has discovered that the north-west is being flooded with fraudulent medical diplomas purporting to be issued by the University of Victoria at Montreal. Fifty of the diplomas have been located in Wisconsin and North Dakota and the persons holding them will be arrested. Dr. Mignault, a physician of Waverly, Indiania, has made a sworn confession to the obtaining of the diplomas and a man named Girard who has surrendered his to the board, has confessed under oath that he bought it at a Montreal printing office for $8. The board has evidence that a Grafton M. D., man named Nobaire, obtained one of the diplomas fop $10 through a French physician of Fairibault who sent to Montreal for it.

A New Westminster Raid.

NEW WESTMINSTER, Aug. 11.—Chief of Police Huston and a posse of picked constables raided a notorious Chinese gambling den. Seven gamblers were arrested. A full kit of tools, a money table and a lot of money were secured. The chief has been watching the house for some days past, and had everything fixed to make capture a dead certainty. The Chinese fought a little when the doors were burst open. All the lights were put out, and the police made a general grab in the dark. There is great excitement in Chinatown.

Military Post on Fire.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Aug. 11.—A fire was discovered in Fort Douglas, near here, at about 10:45 last evening. The fire spread rapidly despite the efforts of the Post fire brigade. Help was telegraphed for at once to St. Paul, and it was as promptly started for the Fort. Nobody has been hurt so far as known, but the fire was burning fiercely at last accounts, and it will be some time before it is gotten under control.

Fire in Fresno.

FRESNO, Cal., Aug. 11.—Fire broke out on "K" street at 12:30 a.m., in a brick building owned by Frank S. Short and occupied by H. F. White, who carried on business as a grocer. The stock and building are a total loss. The fire spread to a large residence immediately north, owned by J. Hill and occupied by A. E. Wagstaff as a lodging house, which is also a total loss. Losses on grocery and building, $7500, on lodging house $2000; covered by insurance.

FREDERICK DOUGLASS.

The Celebrated Colored Statesman Who Was U. S. Minister to Hayti.

Frederick Douglass was born in Tuckahoe, near Easton, Md., in 1817. His mother was a negro, his father a white man. A slave on a plantation, at the age of 10 he was sent to Baltimore to live with the relatives of his master. He taught himself to read and write in secret. He was employed in a shipyard and fled from Baltimore and slavery in 1838. He came to New York,

then he went to New Bedford, Mass., where he married. He labored on wharves and in workshops until 1841, when he attended an anti-slavery convention at Nantucket and made a speech. Afterwards he traveled and lectured in New England and Massachusetts for upwards of four years. He wrote and published his autobiography in 1845. Soon after he went to Europe and lectured in England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales to enthusiastic audiences. A subscription of a £150 was raised to remunerate him. He remained two years in Great Britain. Fearing arrest from his supposed implication in the John Brown raid, he went to Europe again for some months. It was he who suggested the formation of colored regiments and did much to help fill the ranks with his race in Massachusetts. There is little doubt that Frederick Douglass advised President Lincoln to issue the emancipation proclamation. Recently Douglas was U. S. Minister to Hayti, having previously filled two or three Federal appointments. He has now resigned his mission to the Republic.

DETAINED AT LIBERTAD.

SS. City of Panama Seized by the San Salvador Government.

NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—The report that has come up from San Salvador that the Pacific Mail Steamship City of Panama has been detained by the authorities of San Salvador at Libertad, was confirmed last night by Superintendent H. J. Bulloy of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company. "We received a dispatch this morning from Captain White, of the City of Panama," said Mr. Bulloy, "which gives us very meagre information and has evidently been through the hands of the San Salvador authorities. We gather from the dispatch, however, that were some political refugees aboard the City of Panama, either citizens of Guatemala or San Salvador, whom the San Salvador government wanted to get hold of. The City of Panama left La Union August 5th, without the regular permit of clearance papers. Capt White had waited long after the allotted time for his papers and so he started off without them, as is often done in special cases and as in cases of stress of weather and the like. Our steamships cannot afford to be detained at one of the central American ports overtime. We have a contract with these central American Republics to carry their mails and if our ships are held in one place the other countries suffer. When Capt White got to Libertad another demand was made for the refugees, apparently, and then the vessel was seized. Whether it was on account of Capt. White leaving Libertad without a permit does not appear. At last accounts the United States war vessel Ranger was at Libertad and although she is not a very dangerous craft I think she will answer the purpose in the case of the San Salvadorians. If necessary we shall probably have more definite information from Capt. White in a day or two.

A Ship in Trouble.

BAHIA, Aug., 11.—The ship Fannie Tucker, from New York for Puget Sound, has put in here leaking.

The Empress of Japan.

HONG KONG, Aug., 11—The Canadian Pacific s.s. Empress of Japan left here to-day.

To-Day's Anniversaries.

Born: Jean Victor Moreau, 1763.
Thomas Betterton, 1685.
Dr. Richard Mead, 1673.
Viscount Bowland Hill, 1772.

Died: Dr. Thaddeus Stevens, 1868.
Dr. James Wilson, 1860.

Charleston earthquake, 1886.

Consult Your Neighbor.

Anyone may find out just what Burdock Blood Bitters is and does by asking a neighbor who has tried it. It rarely fails in making a complete cure of dyspepsia, constipation, sickheadache, biliousness and diseases of the stomach, liver, bowels and blood.

Try Snow Flake Hominy for breakfast. Dixi H. Ross & Co.

RUSSIAN ATROCITIES.

THE INTENSE HEAT CAUSING MANY DEATHS IN ITALY.

Poles Compelled to Subscribe to the Fund to Erect a Monument to "The Hangman of Poland"—Switzerland Fortifying—Story of the Holy Coat.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—A Vienna dispatch says that the Poles are greatly excited over the proposed erection of a monument under the auspices of the Russian Government to the memory of Count Muravieff, known as "The Hangman of Poland." It was by order of Muravieff that a multitude of Poles were put to death at Wilna in 1863. He was likened to Ivan the Terrible in ferocity, and many patriot priests and noblemen were among his victims. The proposition is to erect a memorial to him in Wilna, which witnessed his worst atrocities, and the fact that the present Governor-General of Wilna has subscribed to the fund for the purpose, shows that the authorities endorse the monument. What is more incredible is that pressure is brought to bear to compel the Poles to subscribe for the scheme for honoring the man who slaughtered their countrymen. The Poles generally construe the movement as a national insult, although it will also serve to keep alive in Poland the sentiment of nationality and the memories of the heroic past.

FORTIFYING SWITZERLAND.

The Swiss Government has nearly completed the work of fortifying Mount St. Gothard, thereby making it impossible for a hostile army to descend into Switzerland from that quarter. This renders the country secure against invasion at a point which has heretofore been vulnerable, and an army endeavoring to pass through the gaps of the mountains would be exposed to a terrible fire.

IN ITALY.

A dispatch from Naples says the heat is causing many deaths. The month has been hotter than for years past. Great precautions are being taken against the invasion of cholera, and the health of the city is receiving unusual attention. The emigration to America is causing a dearth of labor and consequent rise of wages in some parts of Southern Italy. The crime statistics of Calabria are never more satisfactory, the large majority of dangerous characters having emigrated. There are beginning to arrive at Naples and other Italian ports a considerable volume of return immigration, nearly all the immigrants coming home with the money to buy farms.

THE HOLY COAT.

It is stated by the highest ecclesiastical authority in Germany that there is no obligation on Roman Catholics to believe that the holy coat of Treves is a garment that was worn by the Saviour. Everybody is perfectly free to form his own opinion on the testimony. During the last two days there has been a considerable increase in the number of pilgrims, all anxiously awaiting the public exhibition of the holy coat. A number of sick people have also arrived, who are anxious to be permitted to touch the relic in the hope of being healed. These people expect a repetition of the miracles which are said to have happened on previous occasions of the kind.

THE KAISER'S HEALTH.

The Kaiser is said to be much disturbed by the stories about his health as stated in a United press dispatch of Saturday. The Kaiser's general health is excellent, and his injured knee is rapidly improving. The Kaiser has determined to fulfil his official duties, as if no accident had occurred.

NOT WANTED.

According to a St. Petersburg dispatch, the Czar has caused it to be notified to the Princess Jouneffesky, the morganatic widow of the late Czar Alexander II, that she must not visit the Imperial family on terms of intimacy, and the peculiar relationship cannot be recognized at court. The Czar, himself, has no morganatic wife, and is devoted as a husband to the Empress. He does not like the evidence of his father's loose morals to be thrust too plainly before him. The women who were favorites of the late Czar have found themselves hardly more than tolerated by the present ruler. So far as his household is concerned the autocrat sets an excellent example.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World, Here and Elsewhere.

THE OAR.

BARRIE, Ont., Aug. 14.—The Canadian Amateur Oarsmen yesterday opened their 12th annual regatta. The course was a mile and a half, the usual amateur course. The following are the results: Junior single sculls, first heat, Joseph Wright, of the Toronto Rowing club, first; time, 10:18; R. F. Turner, Dubuque Rowing club, second. Double sculls: Catlin Rowing club, of Chicago, first, time, 8:45-2-5; Bayside Rowing club, of Toronto, second.

PETERSON TO BE PRESENTED.

The friends and backers of E. Peterson will meet in one of the fire halls this evening for the purpose of presenting him with a gold medal, and extending to him their warmest wishes of success. The medal has been manufactured by Kingham & Minor, and is a beauty. The ceremony takes place at 7:30 o'clock, because Peterson leaves on the Kingston for Portland to-night.

CRICKET.

The Californians beat the Westminsterites yesterday at Westminster by 32 runs. This is the first match the visitors have won in British Columbia, Victoria having beaten them, and their match with Vancouver was a draw. The visitors went to the bat first and succeeded in making 70 runs, Westminster only making 39 runs. In the second innings the Californians made 103 against Westminster's 102. The home team could not stand Sloman's bowling and the visitors' fielding.

THE BANQUET.

The Californians will arrive from the Mainland this evening, and be banqueted at the Delmonico Hotel by several gentlemen of this city. The Spanish Students will furnish music for the banquet.

A WIN FOR THE CALIFORNIANS.

NEW WESTMINSTER, Aug. 11.—The California cricket team defeated the Westminster team by 31 runs yesterday, the visitors scoring 70 and 103, while the local men made 40 and 102. In the evening the Californians were banquetted at the Colonial by the home club, when an exceedingly jolly time was spent. Some of the furniture suffered in the course of the entertainment. Both teams were photographed this morning in front of the hotel, after an interview with Mr. John Collins.

NOTES.

Joe Acton won two straight falls from Johannsen (the Terrible Swede) in a catch-as-catch-can wrestling match at San Francisco on Sunday night.

George Gray, of the New York Athletic club, has beat the world's record in putting the heavy shot. He put the 16 pound shot 46 feet, breaking the former Canadian record. He put the 21-pound shot 39 feet 1½ inches, beating the world's record by 1½ inches.

A practice game of polo will be played at the Hill to-morrow at 5 o'clock.

NANAIMO NEWS.

Schools Open—Rich Coal Seam—Bear Hunting—K. of P. Ball.

NANAIMO, Aug. 11.—The Nanaimo schools opened yesterday with a large attendance of scholars who appeared to be eager to again undertake their school life. There have been some alterations in the classes and for a time both teachers and pupils must put up with a certain amount of inconvenience. The High school is being held in the old Presbyterian church, and the room vacated will be occupied by the first division of the boys until a school has been erected in the south ward for Miss Duncan. There is no alteration in the girls' school with the exception that a few of the more juvenile scholars have been taken away. Miss Pool and Miss Hilbert hold their classes in the old Methodist Church until a school can be erected for them in the north ward. Some provision should have been made by the Government to assist the corporation in erecting these schools instead of shoving the burden on the city. Mr. Smith, secretary of the Board of Trustees, wrote to the Provincial Secretary respecting the matter, but in return he received a reply referring him to section 30 of the Public School Act, and also stating section 34 is not explicit; and further suggested that the city council and the board of trustees could come to a mutual arrangement as to funds to meet the necessary outlay until such time as the council have provided funds in the manner indicated in the School Act. The council claim they have no money to build schools this year, so it appears the teachers will have to put up with their present accommodations for some time.

STRUCK THE COAL.

It was generally reported yesterday that the new shaft known as No. 5, had reached the coal yesterday and the work of driving levels will be immediately undertaken. This will augment the output from the New Vancouver Company's collieries to a considerable extent and will be the means of furnishing a quicker dispatch to the large number of vessels constantly awaiting their turn to go under the shute for cargoes of New Vancouver Coal Company's coal. This seam is the same as what is known as the "Southfield" coal, which is in such great demand.

BEAR HUNTING.

Mr. J. Carron, when returning from a hunting expedition on Sunday, fell in with two bears and two cubs, and having a shot gun with him blazed away and brought the dam down. The cubs, however, escaped up a large tree and as the hunter had only a shot gun he failed to reach them, and so went back to the city for a rifle and a dog. On his return to the scene of his exploit he was accompanied by two companions and a dog, but they failed to trail the cubs, so had to content themselves by carrying the big bear he had shot to the city.

GRAND PYTHIAN BALL.

A grand ball is to be given at Northfield on Aug. 29th under the auspices of the Damon Lodge No. 8 K. of P. The event will take place on the new mammoth platform and the music for the occasion will be furnished by the Northfield brass band. Tickets admitting lady and gentleman one dollar.

LITTLE EVENTS.

A wrestling tournament will take place on Friday next at Northfield under the auspices of the athletic club.

One of the delivery wagons of Mr. J. Young was completely demolished yesterday by the running away of the team.

A Liberal club is to be formed in this city on Thursday evening.

WHARF AND WAVE.

Jottings of Interest to Marine Men Concisely Compiled.

Steamer Umatilla arrived from San Francisco this morning with 271 tons of freight for Victoria and 96 for Vancouver.

Steamer Yosemite has gone back on the Vancouver route, and the Islander is getting ready for her excursion to Seattle.

All vessels at anchor or lying alongside wharves in Victoria or Esquimalt harbor must show a clear white [illegible] light from sunset to sunrise, according to regulation height.

The steamer Yosemite will go to the outer wharf to-night and take on 75 tons of freight [illegible] steamer [illegible] She will [illegible] 2 [illegible] morning instead of the usual [illegible]

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

FULL COURT.

In giving his decision in the case of Regina vs. Pielke Ark-An in the Full Court on Friday, His Lordship the Chief Justice said:—

In this case, the point is sufficiently raised in the writ of error and the reasons and assignments of error annexed thereto, viz.: Whether Mr. Spinks has jurisdiction to sit and try the prisoner at Donald, in the County of Kootenay, by virtue of his commission, dated the 19th of September, 1889, and sec. 9 of the Provincial County Court Act, 1890, and section 2, (a) sub-section 5, of the Speedy Trials Act, 1889; together or separately.

As to section 9 of the Provincial Act, it seems, so far as it seeks to extend the territorial limits of Mr. Spinks' jurisdiction to be beyond the competency of the Local Legislature. That Legislature in 1883 constituted six county courts, each with well defined territorial boundaries. One of these is to be styled (Section 4) the County Court of Yale, having jurisdiction throughout the five polling divisions therein enumerated of the electoral district of Yale; and another (section 7, to be called the County Court of Kootenay, having jurisdiction throughout the electoral district of Kootenay. Each such court is (section 11) to have its own separate seal, bearing the name of the court, and is to be holden before a judge, to be called * * * * (section 12) "the judge of the County Court of Yale," * * * * "the judge of the County Court of Kootenay," etc., respectively. This statute was repealed and re-enacted in the "Consolidated Acts, 1888."

By the British North American Act, 1867, section 96, "the Governor-General shall appoint the judges of the Superior, District and County Courts in each Province."

On the 16th April, 1889, the Speedy Trials Act was amended by the Dominion Statute 52 Vict., c. 47, and by s. (2), (a), sub-section 5, "the expression 'judge' means and includes" * * * "in British Columbia the Chief Justice or a Puisne Judge of the Supreme Court, or any Judge of a County Court."

At this time (19th April, 1889) there were only two gentlemen commissioned as County Court Judges in the Province, viz., the Judge of the County Court of Nanaimo, and the Judge of the County Court of Cariboo. But the judges of the Supreme Court have long been authorized to act as County Court judges in every district of British Columbia.

By the commission set out in the return to the writ, dated 19th Sept., 1889, Mr. Spinks was appointed to be Judge of the said County Court of Yale, and the powers therein granted were thereby limited to be exercised by him while resident within the five polling divisions enumerated in the Provincial Statutes, which are again enumerated and expressly declared to constitute the extent (i.e. the territorial extent) of his jurisdiction.

In 1890, there being no judge appointed to the County Court of Kootenay by the Governor-General, a Provincial Statute was passed, as mentioned in the assignment of errors, the 9th section of which empowers the Judge of the County Court of Yale, pending the vacancy of the Kootenay County Court, to perform all the duties, and to have all the powers and authority of a Kootenay County Court Judge; and for the purpose of this Act, the two districts were thereby united.

Now, the Provincial Legislature having, as it is not contested, lawfully in 1883 created two County Courts, viz., of Yale and Kootenay, might in 1890, just as lawfully have repealed that act, and created one County Court extending over all the territory comprised in the two County Courts districts created in 1883. The effect might have been that the Yale court would have become extinct. What would have been the position of the judge, it is unnecessary to inquire; but this seems clear, that he would not have been, without a fresh appointment by the Governor-General, the judge of the new County Court thus created. The Provincial Legislature would not, probably, have attempted in such a case to appoint the judge of the new court, directly; but this is what sec. 9 attempts to do indirectly. For the repeal and extinction and new creation is by no means the object nor the effect of that section 9. The legislature by no means intend to extinguish the Kootenay County Court, which they had created in 1883. They carefully provide for its continuance, and expressly contemplate the appointment at some future time of a judge of that court, (viz. by the Governor-General.) They certainly abstain from appointing a judge, *re nomine*; but they confer upon Mr. Spinks, for the present, all the powers and authorities which a judge, if appointed (viz. by the Governor-General) would have had in the district. But the person who has all the powers and duties, all the authorities and jurisdiction of a judge, what is he but the judge? He may also have some other designation; a collector, a district magistrate, etc. He is nevertheless the judge and the sole judge for the time being in that court he which he presides; and so the legislature evidently intends Mr. Spinks to be. It would be absurd to suppose that section 96 of the B.N.A. Act could be defeated by the simple contrivance of calling the person invested with all the judicial powers and duties of the County Court Judge, a commissioner, or administrator, or by leaving him without any specific title whatever, as in the present case. The Provincial Legislature might with precisely the same propriety, and a similar infraction of the same section 96 of the B.N.A. Act, appoint some person during the temporary inability or absence of the Lieut.-Governor to exercise his powers and perform his duties, carefully abstaining from calling their nominee a Lieut.-Governor, or some person to perform the duties and exercise the jurisdiction of a judge of this court, so long as they did not call their appointee a "judge." Nor could these encroachments of the Provincial Legislature be validated by having received the Royal Assent, announced at the close of the session by the Lieut. Governor, nor could they be validated by an Act of the Dominion Parliament. It is sufficient to point out that the power of appointment having been placed where it is by an Act of the Imperial Parliament, nothing less than another Act of that Parliament can repeal or vary the arrangement.

I am therefore of opinion that Mr. Spinks derived no authority whatever from sec. 9 to exercise any judicial authority in the Court of Kootenay.

But a much more difficult question arises when we come to consider the Dominion Act. c. 47, s. 2 (*a*) subs. 1. (The Speedy Trials Act, 1888), defining that "in British Columbia the judge in a Speedy Trials Court may be" * * * "any Judge of a County Court." Mr. Spinks is undoubtedly a Judge of a County Court; and these words in their plain and simple sense, and if they stood alone, would undoubtedly seem to include him: and that is the sense in which a statute is always to be construed: *loquitur ad vulgus*, and it is not to be lightly frittered away by trivil or artificial distinctions. There must be some grave inconvenience, impropriety or inconsistency, making it in the highest degree improbable that the Legislature could have intended to use the particles "any" and "a" in the primary popular sense without any qualification, and there must also be some other construction or qualification reasonably near, and not obvious to any objection. And I think that the above objections are applicable here: and that the expression "any Judge of a County Court" must be limited by the tacit condition "within his county," or words to that effect.

I do not think that the Dominion Legislature could have meant to authorize a County Court Judge to act outside of the territorial jurisdiction (if any) mentioned in his commission, either expressly or impliedly. In the first place, to do so would be, I think, to infringe upon the prerogative reserved to the Executive by section 96 of the B. N. A. Act almost as effectively, though not quite so boldly, as the Provincial Statute has done in section 9 of their statute of 1890. The Executive says "We empower Mr. Spinks by this commission to be County Court Judge of Yale, and invest him with all the statutory powers of such a judge. As to the County Court of Kootenay, we reserve our right of nominating the judge there." This is according to section 96. It is surely an infraction of that section to make the Legislature say: "We do not care what limitations the Governor-General by his commission has placed upon Mr. Spinks, or any other County Court Judge, nor what jurisdiction or rights a future County Court Judge may have; the courts we are now creating may be held before any County Court Judge in any part of British Columbia." Now while the doctrine in Nolin v. Langlois (3 div. 1) is undeniable, that the Dominion Legislature may impose new duties on the judges and courts whom it maintains, yet they must surely be duties compatible with those already imposed on those courts, and such as may be discharged by a County Court Judge without derogating from his special authorization. And the Legislature must surely be taken to have respected all the terms of the commission which they invoke as a qualification for the new office they are creating. They cannot be supposed to have intended by mere general words to run counter to the express limitations of the commission when those general words admit of a ready and obvious modification. Further, the construction of this subsection 5 must be just the same whether the Kootenay County Court judgeship be vacant or not. It seems impossible that the Legislature could have intended that Mr. Spinks should have power to go and sit in Kootenay, and try criminals there in the presence of an actually appointed Kootenay County Court Judge. It could not be intended that Mr. Spinks should have power to come and hold such a court in Victoria next week, which is nevertheless the necessary result of the construction contended for by the Crown. Or that the Nanaimo County Court Judge should have power to go and preside in a Speedy Trials Court at Kamloops, while Mr. Spinks was at the other end of the town. But if these courts may be held in any part of the Province before any County Court Judge the trial or sentence by him would be lawful. (No such objection lies to jurisdiction of a Supreme Court judge for the reason already pointed out.) Moreover, this construction affords nothing to guide the sheriff as to the judge to be notified under section six of the act if he may notify "any judge" of "any County Court;" enabling, in fact, the sheriff in each county to confer jurisdiction on whom he may select as the trial judge. The argument for the crown seemed to regard too much the actual vacancy of the Kootenay County Court judgeship, which is accidental merely; and not sufficiently to consider that a construction must be adopted which would apply not only in Kooteuay but in every County Court district in British Columbia, whether the judgeship be vacant or not. Which is the judge whom the sheriff is to notify under section six? The counsel for the crown say not one word is to be added to the act. But in that case the sheriff may notify any County Court judge; nor is it easy to see why, according to this, the jurisdiction should necessarily be confined to County Court judges of British Columbia. There are County Court judges in Manitoba; and if the Speedy Trials Court in British Columbia may be held before any person who is a County Court judge, one of these might, according to the contention of the crown, be invited to preside. It seems extremely inconvenient that it should be possible for every County Court judge to be liable to wander all over the province on the invitations of the various sheriffs, to ask prisoners how they will be tried, by himself or by jury. And so often the argument for the crown requires the addition of the words "in B. C.", and I think the clear intention is farther to add the words "within his county."

The case of Hudson v. Tooth (3 Q.B. D. 46) very strongly shows the necessity for a strict compliance with the territorial limitations (if any) in the judge's commission. There as here, full jurisdiction over persons and subject matters had been given by a statute to the judge who was, however, not appointed by the statute, but was to be appointed by the Archbishop of Canterbury. The Archbishop appointed Lord Penzance, by an instrument called a "requisition," strictly analogous to the Goverment's commission to Mr. Spinks in the present case. This instrument only empowered Lord Penzance to hear and determine the matter in question at any place in London or Westminster, or in the diocese of Rochester. There were no negative words precluding him from sitting elsewhere; in

(Continued on page 3.)

WEILER BROS.

NEW GOODS.

Folding, Camp, and Lawn Chairs, Oak and Walnut Tables,
Linoleums, new designs, Cabinets and Hall Stands.
Window Shades, Cornice Poles. Room and Picture Mouldings.
Parlor and Bedroom Furniture. Canary and Parrot Cages.
Refrigerators, Water Filters. Doulton & Adderley Art China.
Limoges White China for Painting.

ALSO

Crossley & Sons' Celebrated Brussels and Tapestry Carpets, Rugs, etc.

FULL LINES IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

51 to 55 Fort Street, Victoria, B.C.

OFFER EXTRAORDINARY!

FOR TWO WEEKS ONLY!

The entire stock of Summer Goods at the

LION CLOTHING STORE

74 YATES STREET,

Will be offered at cost previous to being re-opened under entirely

NEW MANAGEMENT,

With a complete and new stock of Gents' Furnishings, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Fancy Goods. See our Ties at 2 for 25 cents. Gents' Summer Coats and Vests, $4; Boys' Jersey Suits, $1.85; Men's White Duck Vests, $1; choice selection of Tennis Coats, $2.50, and all other lines equally cheap. Call early and secure genuine bargains.

Macaulay, Higginbottom & Co.,

74 YATES STREET,

Between Government and Broad Streets, Victoria.

aug5 1w

STANLEY HOUSE

General Dry Goods

Cor. Broad and Yates.

We keep full lines in all our Departments, which for

QUALITIES and VALUES

we believe cannot be excelled in the Province.

SEE OUR

REMNANT TABLE.

ALSO A FEW GREAT BARGAINS REMAINING OVER AFTER OUR SALE.

These We Will Still Clear at

SALE PRICES!

Give Us a Call

AND DON'T BE AFRAID TO ASK

To See Our Goods.

W.S. HAMPSON & CO.

MR. FRANK B. FENWICK

Begs to announce that he will resume his lessons on Monday, August 9th. Pupils will be visited at the usual day day and hour unless notice be given by them to the contrary. au6tf

JOHN MESTON

CARRIAGE MAKER

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad street, between Johnson and Pandora streets,

VICTORIA B. C.

TORONTO EXHIBITION.

MR. SAMUEL O'KELL has been appointed by us to collect exhibits to be sent with the Provincial exhibit at the Toronto Exhibition. We solicit for him the co-operation of all those interested in having this portion of British Columbia thoroughly represented at the Exhibition.

All non-perishable exhibits received will be returned in good order and condition, and any instructions as to their disposal will be faithfully carried out. Parties having exhibits of Agricultural, Horticultural and Industrial Products, Specimens of Minerals, Manufactures, Art, Fisheries, or anything that will illustrate the capabilities of this Province are requested to notify the committee, who will attend to the collecting.

Exhibits may be left at the Assembly Rooms, Fort street, where a competent person has been placed in charge to receive them.

C. E. PENOYER, H. A. MUNN, JOS. HUNTER, } Committee.

au4

FOR SALE.

A BARGAIN

A BEAUTIFUL HOME

On the Work Estate. One block from Street Car. Apply to

R. F. TOLMIE, 22 Trounce Avenue.

au10-tf

Dr. MacGILLIS

45-47 YATES STREET.

SPECIALIST IN

Kidney, Skin and Private Diseases

au10

S.S. HYAMS

ONLY OPTICIAN IN TOWN.

OPTICIAN, 27 FORT STREET, ONE DOOR from Government, Victoria, B. C. Perfected Spectacles and Eye Glasses always on hand and carefully adjusted to eight twenty five years' experience in fitting glasses. Satisfaction guaranteed. OPTICAL GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. dec29-1y

DR. HARTMAN, our prominent dentist, will leave here beginning of September, on an extended trip through Europe, where he will visit all the Dental Colleges and study the latest Science in Dentistry. He will also introduce some of his own inventions among the dental profession, and on his return will open up the handsomest offices on the Pacific Coast. au1-tw

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 14.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Saturday, May 9th, 1891.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

STATIONS.	GOING NORTH. READ DOWN. No. 1 Passenger Daily.	GOING NORTH. READ DOWN. No. 3 Passenger Sat. and Sun.	Miles from Victoria.	GOING SOUTH. READ UP. No. 2 Passenger Daily.	GOING SOUTH. READ UP. No. 4 Passenger Sat. and Sun.	Miles from Wellington.
VICTORIA				8.00 a.m. Dep.	3.30 p.m.	
BUSSELTON				8.34	3.34	
ESQUIMALT				8.44	3.44	
SHAWNIGAN LAKE				9.50	4.50	
COBBLE HILL				9.54	4.54	
McPHERSON'S				9.59	4.59	
KOKSILAH				10.04	5.04	
DUNCANS				10.11	5.11	
SOMENOS				10.18	5.18	
CHEMAINUS				10.40	5.40	
NANAIMO	12.15 p.m. Arr.	11.10 a.m. Arr.		11.10 a.m. Lv.	6.10 p.m. Arr.	
WELLINGTON	12.35 p.m. Dep.	11.30 a.m. Dep.		10.50 a.m. Arr.	6.00 p.m. Dep.	
NANAIMO	1.00 p.m. Arr.	11.45 a.m. Lv.		10.20 a.m. Dep.	5.34 p.m. Arr.	
CHEMAINUS	1.22	12.07 p.m.	23	9.57	4.59	23
SOMENOS	1.34	12.19	29	9.47	4.49	29
DUNCANS	1.41	12.26	34	9.40	4.42	34
KOKSILAH	1.47	12.32	39	9.34	4.36	39
McPHERSON'S	1.52	12.37	44	9.29	4.31	44
COBBLE HILL	1.57	12.42	49	9.24	4.26	49
SHAWNIGAN LAKE	2.01	12.46	53	9.20	4.22	53
BUSSELTON	2.54	1.29	74	8.37	3.39	74
ESQUIMALT	3.04	1.39	79	8.27	3.29	79
VICTORIA	3.10 p.m. Arr.	1.45 p.m. Arr.	81	8.20 a.m. Arr.	3.20 p.m. Dep.	81

ON SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for three days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a single fare, where such fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passeng Agen

oct1

FROM TERMINAL OR INTERIOR POINTS

— THE —

Northern Pacific RAILROAD

Is the line to take

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of

DINING CARS, unsurpassed,

PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment,

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and

ELEGANT DAY COACHES.

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

Full information, concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent, or

A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent.
121 First St. cor Washington, Portland Or

G. G. CHANDLER, General Agent, Headquarters Building, Tacoma, Wash.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria B. C.

ian

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

— AND —

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations etc., call upon or address

THOS A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent
No. 110 South 10th St., Tacoma, Wash

E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agt.

A. MAXWELL MUIR, ARCHITECT,

Rooms 3 and 18, - - - - Turner Block.

ap22

BRITISH COLUMBIA

LAND AND INVESTMENT AGENCY

(Limited.

THOMAS ALLSOP, HENRY S. MASON, CUYLER A. HOLLAND } DIRECTORS.

HEAD OFFICE

45 Sergeant's Inn, Fleet Street. London, Eng.

The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above company and will be carried on by the Company as a general Land and Investment and Insurance Agency.

Money to Loan on Mortgage

AT LOW RATES.

TOWN LOTS AND FARMING LANDS

For Sale on Easy Terms.

STEAMBOATS.

HO! FOR THE EAST!!

The Upton Line of Steamships

Unparalleled advantage for studying the idiosyncrasies, customs and habits of the Celestial Chinese, and also the land of the Mighty Mikado.

$300!! $300!! $300!!

Round Trip to Yokohama, Kobe and Hongkong, good for six months, only $300, including all stop-over privileges, sailing monthly from Victoria.

The SS. SUSSEX

Due on the 28th inst., will sail from Victoria, on or about the

12TH OF AUGUST.

Passengers are assured of every attention, comfort and civility while on board. For further particulars and every information apply to

F. C. DAVIDGE & CO., Agents.
131 Government street, Victoria, B.C. jy8

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Royal Mail Steamships.

THE IMPERIAL SHORT ROUTE

TO CHINA AND JAPAN.

TABLE OF SAILING.

(Subject to change and withdrawal without notice.)

STEAMSHIPS.	Arrive Victoria About.	Leave Victoria.
EMPRESS OF INDIA	July 21	July 29
PARTHIA	Aug. 11	Aug. 19
EMPRESS OF JAPAN	Sept. 1	Sept. 9
EMPRESS OF INDIA	Sept. 22	Sept. 30
EMPRESS OF CHINA	Oct. 13	Oct. 21
EMPRESS OF JAPAN	Nov. 3	Nov. 18
EMPRESS OF INDIA	Dec. 1	Dec. 16
EMPRESS OF CHINA	Dec. 29	Jan. 13

Round Trip Tickets at reduced rates can be had at Company's office. Also through tickets to all principal points on American, European or Asiatic continents.

Tickets from Victoria AROUND THE WORLD, GOOD TO GO IN EITHER DIRECTION, together with pamphlets, guide books, time-tables, etc., and full information, call on or address

ALLAN CAMERON, Agt. and Pass. Agent, Government street, Victoria, B. C.

D. E. BROWN, Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agent, Vancouver mh16

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

CARRYING UNITED States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,

FOR HONOLULU

S.S. ZEALANDIA, Tuesday, Aug. 25th.

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Tuesday, Sept. 8 1891, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland and Sydney, Without Change.

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Iron Steamer Alameda.....THURSDAY, Aug. 20th, 1891, 3 p. m. or immediately on arrival of the English mails.

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

JOHN D. SPRECKELS & BROS. General Agents.

nov28

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER

ISABEL

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after November 19th, '89,

Until further notice,

The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows:

CALLING AT WAY PORTS:

Leave Victoria for Nanaimo.....Sunday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or passage apply on board. oct7

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every five days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails.

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.

Walla Walla - - - - August 12

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE No. 14.

Taking effect June 25, 1891.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 7 o'clock, a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 12 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P.R. train No. 1 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Fraser River Route.

Steamers leave New Westminster for Chilliwack and Way Landings every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports on the 1st and 15th of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 7th of each month.

Bute Inlet Route.

Steamer Rainbow leaves alternate Fridays for Cowichan, New Westminster, Burrard Inlet, Bute Inlet and way ports.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

Steamers leave on Standard Time.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

COAL AND WOOD

Have always on hand a large supply of Wellington coal and dry wood; also two STEAM CUTTING MACHINES, and will spare no trouble to meet the requirements of the public.

Wood Cut and Chopped for $1.50 per Cord.

Orders promptly attended to, and full measure guaranteed. Orders left at 131 Fort street, or at J. P. Matthews & Co., telephone 178, will receive prompt attention.

No one is authorized to sell wood for me.

y14 JOSEPH PERRY.

B. WILLIAMS & CO.

97 JOHNSON STREET.

AWFULLY WARM! ISN'T IT HOT!

SEE OUR RANGE OF

LIGHT SUMMER UNDERWEAR, in Balbriggan, Silk, Lisle Thread, Merino, Cotton, Natural Wool, Etc.

PRICES FROM $1.00 PER SUIT UPWARD. THE FINEST ASSORTMENT IN THE CITY.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

(Continued from page 2.)

this respect also, identical with this commission. The hearing actually took place in the library of Lambeth—almost within hearing distance of the Palace of Westminster, just across the Thames, where the judge would have had undoubted jurisdiction, but Lambeth was neither in London, or in Westminster, or in Rochester diocese. The defendant had full notice of the sitting, but did not appear. No objection was taken at the time; but after judgment the whole of the proceedings were set aside on the defendant's application in prohibition, Chief Justice Cockburn, and Mellor and Irish, JJ., all expressing extreme regret, but holding that there had been, not an excess or defect of jurisdiction, but atotal absence of jurisdiction to sit and hear elsewhere than according to the tenor of the instrument appointing the judge.

Whatever be the decision upon that point, should it ever come to be decided, it is as well to point out that in any event the construction contended for by the Crown is not necessary to prevent any defect or delay of justice. Whatever doubt there may be as to Mr. Spinks' jurisdiction, application can always be made one or other of the five judges of the Supreme Court, whose powers are incontestable; and some one of these can in general hold a court in Kootenay as conveniently as the judge of the County Court of Yale. The Legislature, indeed, seems to be aware that in British Columbia a great deal of the County Court work is done by the judges of the Supreme Court, by giving them jurisdiction to sit in these new courts; which is not the case in the five older and more completely organized Provinces. If I had merely a doubt or the question, I might be moved by the principle of *in favorem libertatis*; but I think upon the above grounds that the learned judge of the County Court of Yale had no authority to sit and try the prisoner at Donald, and that the prisoner should be discharged from his present sentence. The trial was in every particular *coram non judice*. The prisoner has never been tried at all.

I give no opinion upon the point whether Mr. Spinks might not have tried the prisoner lawfully enough if sitting within his own territorial jurisdiction, for no such point arises here. There are tolerably reasonable grounds to hold that he might. An alleged criminal has a *prima facie* right, it is true, to be tried in the bailiwick where the offence was committed; but that is merely on account of the jury. If a prisoner elects to waive a jury, there seems to be no particular reason for adopting that or any particular venue. If the prisoner elect to be tried by a jury he would of course be remanded by the judge to be tried in the proper bailiwick.

Those who believe that Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy will cure them are more liable to get well than those who don't.

If you happen to be one of those who don't believe, there's a matter of $500 to help your faith. It's for you if the makers of Dr. Sage's remedy can't cure you, no matter how bad or of how long standing your catarrh in the head may be.

The makers are the World's Dispensary Medical Association, of Buffalo N. Y. They are known to every newspaper publisher and every druggist in the land, and you can easily ascertain that their word's as good as their bond.

You wind your watch once a day. Your liver and bowels should act as regularly. If they do not, use a key.

The key is—Dr Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. One a dose.

Her Face Her Fortune,

Is commonly said of famous beauties. She who uses with artistic taste Wisdom's Famous Robertine has fortune in the possessing of a complexion to which nothing but the blush of the rose or the freshness of the lily can be compared. This preparation is just what it is claimed to be—the most delightful toilet article and only perfect beautifier known. Read the testimonials from famous artists, celebrated chemists and eminent physicians. D. E. Campbell, agent.

Nicolet Notes.

"I suffered continual pain from canker of the stomach, and my face and body were almost covered with pimples. I tried Burdock Blood Bitters, the first dose occasioned slight pain, but I soon found relief, and after taking five bottles, I became completely cured. I think B. B. B. the most powerful remedy known to science."—Stephen Edge, Nicolet, P. Q.

Yellowstone Park.

The N.P.R.R.Co. has placed on sale here round trip tickets to Yellowstone Park, the cost of a ticket being only $110, which includes steamboat fare Victoria to Tacoma and return, railway fare Tacoma to Yellowstone Park and return, stage fare through the park, meals and sleeper on the train and accommodations for five days at the park hotels. For full particulars call on or address E. E. Blackwood, 82 Government street. 2t

Wisdom's Violet Cream

Is the most exquisite preparation in the world for softening the hands and face. It is not only a substitute for, but in every respect superior to glycerine, cold cream, vaseline, and like preparations. Try it. D. E. Campbell, agent.

Christie [illegible] Wh[illegible] Pound and Sultana Ca[illegible] [illegible] H. Ross & Co.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Railway Accident.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Aug. 10.—Nine Italian laborers were severely and two fatally injured in a railway collision near Branford on the shore line branch of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, about 6 o'clock this morning. A gravel train left New Haven about 5:30 a.m., and in a caboose of the end train were 50 Italians. While crossing the main track near Brantford a freight train bound for New England struck the caboose and threw it off the track. Nine of the 50 Italians were injured and were taken to the New Haven hospital.

Shot two Men in a Quarrel.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Aug. 10.—Heizekias Arp, a nephew of the original Bill Arp, shot two men to death near the state line in Farnum County yesterday. Arp had a claim against Wm. Bramlett, who was about to leave the state, and had a yoke of Bramlett's steers attached. This produced a quarrel during which Arp shot Bramlett through the heart. Then a brother of Bramlett's interfered, and Arp shot him through the chest. Arp belongs to one of the leading families of this city.

Ran Away With a School Teacher.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Aug. 10.—The families of Wm. McGill and Miss Barrickman who are supposed to have eloped together from Buckner's Station yesterday, have put detectives on their track. It is alleged that McGill took with him $3000 which belonged to his children by his first wife. He has been married twice and it was his second wife he deserted. Miss Barrickman was a school teacher.

Why It is Popular.

Because it has proven its absolute merit over and over again, because it has an unequalled record of cures, because its business is conducted in a thoroughly honest manner, and because it combines economy and strength, being the only medicine of which "100 Doses One Dollar" is true—these strong points have made Hood's Sarsaparilla the most successful medicine of the day

CONSIGNEES.

For Steamer Umatilla from San Francisco—A Lewis & Co, A McBean, A Schnoter, Ben Burts, V Pichette, B Gordon, Brackman & Ker, Campbell & Anderson, C A Bossl, City Bill Poster, C E Morley, C W Rogers, Cowan & Wilson, Dixi H Ross & Co, Demers & Son, E B Marvin & Co, Ellis & Co, E G Prior & Co, Fell & Co, George Cavalskey, Gam Fook Yuen, Her Majesty's cookyard, Ie Brothers & Co, Hudson Bay Company, Henry Saunders, H A Litty, J T Canda", J H Todd & Son, J D Rae, J & A Clearihue, John Cunningham, John Barnsley & Co, Kerr & Begg, Lewis & Ales, Langley & Co, L Dickinson, M Bantley, Mercado Cohen, Marvin & Tilton, May Tong Lung, Nicholles & Renouf, On Lee, Pacific Asphalt Company, D McQuade & Son, R Baker and Son, R Cunningham, R P Rithet & Co, Sehl, Hastie, Erskine Furniture Company, Simon Leiser, T N Hibben & Co, Victoria Lumber and Manufacturing Company, Vale & Brooks, Wah Sang, W H Adams, W & G Wolfenden, Wolfe & Moore, Yee Yuen, Yee Vue Gue, Wells Fargo.

DOMINION VOTERS.

Only This Week to Register—Do Not Put It Off.

All persons entitled to vote at Dominion elections, and not yet registered, are invited to call at the TIMES office, between 7 and 8 o'clock each evening, and sign declarations of qualification. The names of owners of real estate, and which appear on the assessment roll of the city, will be placed on the voters' list by the Revising Barrister, and in such cases applications are not necessary. Young men and new comers to the city, who do not possess property qualifications, may register on income.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

CASTLE & SON
MEMORIALS AND LEADED GLASS
CHURCH BELLS—TUBULAR CHIMES AND BELLS

CHURCH FURNITURE
MEMORIAL BRASSES
FONTS LECTERNS
ADDRESS, MONTREAL

Represented in Victoria by
my23-1y J. W. RICHARDS, 26 Govt. St.

DR. FOWLER'S
EXT: OF WILD STRAWBERRY
CURES
CHOLERA
Cholera Morbus
COLIC and CRAMPS
DIARRHŒA
DYSENTERY
AND ALL SUMMER COMPLAINTS AND FLUXES OF THE BOWELS IT IS SAFE AND RELIABLE FOR CHILDREN OR ADULTS

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Court of Revision for the Municipality of the City of Victoria for the year 1891, will sit at the Council Chambers, City Hall, on Tuesday, the 18th day of August next, at 11 a.m., when all complaints against the assessment as made by the City Assessor, shall be heard and considered.

Parties interested are requested to govern themselves accordingly.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office,
July 16, 1891. au7

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA DEPOSIT AND LOAN CO., Ltd.

CAPITAL $500,000 (with power to increase). Divided into 10,000 Shares of $50.00 each.

DIRECTORS:

The Hon. Sir Joseph W. Trutch, Victoria, K.C.M.G., Chairman.
E. Crow Baker, Esq., Victoria.
C. T. Dupont, Esq., Victoria.
Thomas Earle, Esq. (Thos. Earle & Co.), Victoria, M.P., Merchant.
Thos. B. Hall, (Victoria and Montreal, "Mount Royal Milling and Manufacturing Company, Limited), Victoria, Manufacturer.
William Wilson, Esq. (W. & J. Wilson), Victoria, Merchant.
Henry Young, Esq. (Henry Young & Co.), Victoria, Merchant.

MANAGER:—J. Keith Wilson, Esq.

This Company is now prepared to receive money on deposit in large or small amounts for fixed periods at 5½ per cent. per annum, and also to lend money on mortgage on approved security at current rates.

OFFICE: 70 DOUGLAS STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

MEDICAL.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION,

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 28 YEARS' USE. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Memory, Dizziness and Sleeplessness, by absorbing into the Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by indiscretion in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00, six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria B.C. se1-1y

Before. After.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH. For sale by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria. nov1

THE CRY OF MILLIONS

OH, MY BACK!
STOP IT NOW,
SOON IT WILL BE TOO LATE.

I have been troubled many years with disease of the kidneys and have tried many different remedies and have sought aid from different physicians without relief. About the 15th of April I was suffering from a very violent attack that almost prostrated me in such a manner that I was bent over. When I sat down it was almost impossible for me to get up alone, or to put on my clothes, when Providence sent Dr. Henley, with the OREGON KIDNEY TEA, to my hotel. I immediately commenced using the tea. It had an almost miraculous effect, and to the astonishment of all the guests at the hotel, in a few days, I am happy to state, that I was a new man. I will recommend the tea to all afflicted as I have been.

G. A. TOFFER,
Proprietor Occidental Hotel,
Santa Rosa, Cal.

D. E. CAMPBELL, AGEN
NO 66 FORT STREE

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

THE CANADA
Machinery and Supply Co.
BRANTFORD, ONT.
Engineers, Boiler-Makers and Machinists.
Dealers in New and Second-hand
MACHINERY AND MILL SUPPLIES.
je16 6m

NOTICE.

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY debts contracted by my wife or any other person on her behalf.

JOHN J. RUSSELL,
Strawberry Vale Farm
Victoria Dec' 11, 1890. de12-1f

GLAZED WINDOWS
FOR SALE.
JOSEPH SEARS
114 YATES STREET.

VICTORIA GUN CLUB.

The third and final shoot of the above Club for the Barnsley Cup will take place at the Victoria Driving Park on Wednesday afternoon, August 12th, at 2 o'clock.

By order, O. WEILER,
au6td Secretary.

BELYEA & GREGORY,
BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS.
OFFICE:
White House Block, Victoria, B. C.
P. BOX 931

BUTTER! BUTTER!
RECEIVED WEEKLY
BY REFRIGERATOR CAR
CHOICE DAIRY BUTTER.
J. & A. CLEARIHUE,
24 YATES STREET. je21tf

A BY-LAW

To amend the Revenue By-Law, 1889.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the "Revenue By-Law, 1889."

THEREFORE BE IT ENACTED by the Mayor and Aldermen of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:—

Section 8 of the said By-Law is hereby amended as follows:—

By striking out the word "sixty" in the fifth line thereof and inserting therefor the word "fifty."

And by striking out from Section Nine of Schedule "A" of said By-Law all the words and figures after the second line thereof and inserting therefor the following words and figures, that is to say:—

"From every person who, either on his own behalf or as agent for another or others, sells, solicits, or takes orders for the sale by retail of goods, wares, or merchandise, to be supplied or furnished by any person or firm doing business outside of the Province, and not having a permanent or licensed place of business within the Province, the sum of Fifty Dollars for every six months."

This By-Lay may be cited as "The Revenue By-Law Amendment By-Law, 1891."

Passed the Municipal Council this 17th day of June, A.D., 1891.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council the 29th day of July, A.D., 1891.

[L.S.] JOHN GRANT,
Mayor.
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C. jy31

A BY-LAW

Authorizing the sale of the the lands and premises known as "The Corporation Gravel Pits."

WHEREAS it has been found expedient to dispose of the lands and premises known as "The Corporation Gravel Pits," a description whereof is hereinafter contained;

THEREFORE BE IT ENACTED by the Mayor and Aldermen of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. The City Assessor be and he is hereby authorized to sell and dispose of on behalf of the Corporation of the said City of Victoria the lands and premises known as "The Corporation Gravel Pits," and which said "Corporation Gravel Pits" are described as follows:

"All that lot, piece or parcel of land situate and known as Section numbered Sixty-eight (68) on the map of the Spring Ridge property formerly in Victoria District but now within the limits of the City of Victoria aforesaid, containing six acres or thereabouts; and also all that piece or parcel of land forming part of the Lot or Section numbered Seventy-three (73) on the said map, running parallel with Section Sixty-eight, and bounded as follows:—On the south by the road or street which separates this part of Section Seventy-three from Section Sixty-eight throughout the whole extent of such last mentioned section from east to west, being a length of eight chains; thence at a right angle northerly five and sixty-five one-hundredth chains along the easterly line of the road or street which forms the western boundary of this portion of land and separates it from Mr. Finlayson's property; thence at a right angle easterly eight chains; thence at a right angle southerly five and sixty-five one-hundredth chains to the point of commencement, containing four and fifty-two one-hundredth acres, or thereabouts, which said pieces or parcels of land are shown on the plan attached to a certain indenture of conveyance dated the 6th day of October, 1874, and made between the Governor and Company of Adventurers of England, trading into Hudson's Bay, of the one part and the Municipal Council of Victoria in the Province of British Columbia of the other part, and are therein distinguished by the color pink, and contain together ten and fifty-two one-hundredth acres more or less; together with all and singular the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging."

2. The said City Assessor be and he is hereby authorized to sell and dispose of the said "Corporation Gravel Pits" by public auction, in lots, Provided, however, that the Municipal Council of the said Corporation shall first approve of the price at which the same may be sold.

3. That the consideration for the sale and disposition of the said lands and premises shall be either in money or in debentures.

4. That the money to arise from such sale or sales shall be wholly devoted to and expended in and about the improvement of the streets of the City of Victoria, and the proceeds, rents, issues, and profits of the real property (if any) taken in exchange for the whole or any part of the said "Corporation Gravel Pits" shall be wholly applied to the improvement of streets aforesaid.

5. That before the final passage of this By-Law the same shall receive the assent of the electors of the said city in the manner provided by sub-section Seventy-two of Section Ninety-six of the Municipal Act, 1891, and if assented to by the electors shall take effect on the first day of September, 1891.

6. This By-Law may be cited as "The Gravel Pits' Sale By-Law."

Passed the Municipal Council this 8th day of July, A.D. 1891.

TAKE NOTICE that the above is a true copy of the proposed By-Law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at Burnes' building, Bastion Square, for Yates Street Ward; at the City Hall for Johnson Street Ward; at the Hook and Ladder House for James Bay Ward, and at the City Hall for the remaining portion of the Municipality, on Tuesday, the 18th day of August next, and that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.
City Clerk's office, July 31, 1891. jy31

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR

GOODS PER S.S. EMPRESS OF INDIA.

Large and varied assortment of

Porcelains, Screens, Baskets,
ETC., ETC.

Always on Sale: CHOICEST MANILA CIGARS.

Sainsbury's Celebrated Lavender Water.
From London, England,

T. S. FUTCHER,
41 FORT STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.

McLennan & McFeely
70 YATES STREET,
—FOR—
Garden Hose,
Lawn Sprinklers,
Preserving Kettles,
Ice Cream Freezers,
Refrigerators,
Oil Stoves,
—AND—
Jubilee Ranges

$25 REWARD.

THE VICTORIA GUN CLUB AND GAME Protective Association offer a reward of $25 for the conviction of any person or persons killing or having game in their possession during the close season.

By order, O. WEILER,
jy11-1m Secretary.

P. WILSON,
Fruit and Vegetable Grower, Spring Ridge, has opened a
GROCERY AND FRUIT MARKET
AT 185 DOUGLAS STREET
Where he is selling first-class goods at very low prices. Call and see him. jy21-1m

THOS. STOREY
Funeral Director & Embalmer
ja9 42 & 44 Gov't St., Victoria. 1y

LAND NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described lands on Hernando Island, in Skyward District: Commencing at a post at the northwest corner of W. Blaney's pre-emption claim; thence south 40 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence east 40 chains to the place of commencement, containing 160 acres, more or less.

WILLIAM HARRIS.
Vancouver, July 30th, 1891. jy30

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase a small island in the Skeena River, about a quarter of a mile from Port Essington. R. G. JOHNSTON.
Victoria, June 12, 1891. je12 3m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to purchase 640 acres of land, situated between Port Height and Pachena Cove, in Alberni District, commencing at a post about three miles south from Sarrita Valley Creek; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence 80 chains to the place of commencement.

F. A. NICHOLSON.
Victoria, July 8th, 1891. jy10 3m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to purchase land on the seashore on San Mateo Bay, Alberni District, commencing at a post on west corner; thence south 40 chains; thence east 120 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence west to the seashore.

GEORGE WALKER.
Victoria, July 8, 1891. jy10 3m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to apply to the Honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described land, viz:—A small island in Lower Campbell Lake, containing five acres, more or less. Starting point being a post on the beach on south side of said island; the same being pastoral land.

M. KING.
Victoria, B.C., June 16th, 1891. je22 3m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described land in Metchosin District:—Commencing at the southeast corner of Lot 10 Goldstream District; thence west 20 chains; thence south 100 chains; thence east 10 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence east 10 chains; thence north 60 chains to the place of commencement, containing 160 acres more or less.

(Sgd) J. PHEEKY.
28th July, 1891. jy31-2m

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT 60 days after date I intend applying to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described tract of land, situated in Coast District and described as follows:—Commencing at a stake marked M.K.M., about a half mile from the south east corner of lot 49, range 5, Coast District, on the Hocksalt River; thence running west 20 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence east to the Hocksalt River, and thence down the said River to the place of beginning.

M. K. MORRISON.
Port Essington, 6th June, 1891.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT 60 days after date we intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described tract of land:—Commencing at the Balmoral Canning Co.'s S.E. corner post; thence north twenty chains; thence east eighty chains; thence south twenty chains; thence following the bank of the Ecstall River to the place of commencement, containing 160 acres more or less. (Signed) JNO. FLEWIN,
DONALD MORRISON.
Port Essington, June 3 1891.

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Lots 1, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17 of part of Section 1, Cowichan District (as per map deposited No. 275).

WHEREAS the Certificate of Title of Ellen Isabella Creech to the above lots bearing date the 17th day of July, 1890, has been lost and application has been made for a duplicate of such certificate; Notice is therefore hereby given that such duplicate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary in writing within one month from the date hereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.
Land Registry Office, Victoria, 30th June, 1891.
jy30-1m

SNOWFLAKE
FLOUR
—:— FOR FAMILY USE, —:—
IS THE BEST.
Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other.

Manufactured by
ISOM LANNING & CO.,
ALBANY OREGON.

WANTS.

[illegible] Etc., under these heads, four lines or under 50 cents for two insertions and 25 cents each additional insertion. Cash to accompany order.

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT WANTED—By middle-aged man; know edge of dry goods. Please address P.O. Box 2[illegible], Victoria. au11-6t

WANTED—Room in vicinity of fountain, Fourteen street, for one. Address "D," care of Times office. au11-1t

WANTED—A general servant at No. 80 Superior street. Apply between 9 and 12 a.m. au11-1t

WANTED—A good cook and a hot-email. Apply by letter. "E," Times office. au10-1w

WANTED—Waitress wanted immediately at the Vancouver House, 71 Yates street. au10-tf

WANTED—A reliable servant in a family of four, where washing is put out. Call for R.F., address at this office. au4-2w

WANTED—Young men to learn Light-Line shorthand. Thoroughly acquired in a few weeks' study. Complete course, $12. Apply, Edward H. Dalton, P.O. Box 244, Vancouver, B.C. jy29-1m

WANTED—Two ward maids. Apply at the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital. jy9-tf

WANTED—A girl to assist in looking after four young children, and general housework. F. G. Walker, 18 and 20 Chancery Lane. jy-24-tf

WANTED—A general servant; must understand plain cooking. Good wages. Apply 52 No. 12 Scoresby street. jy24-tf

WANTED—A matron for the Lying-in-Hospital and trained nurses for Home for the Poor. Apply between the hours of 10 and 12 a.m. to Mrs. D. W. Higgins, Regent Park. jy17-tf

TO LET.

TO LET—A small cottage in Victoria West, $5 per month. Apply to C. McKay, Russell street, Victoria West. au8-3t

TO LET—Furnished rooms, with board; use of hot and cold water bath; near Beacon Hill Park. Apply at No. 7 Avalon Road. a6-6t

FIVE ROOMED HOUSE TO LET—Rent $17. F. and furniture for sale. Address J. N., Times office. au5-2w

TO LET—Very desirable, newly furnished rooms—suite and single—at "The Turner," Douglas street, opposite Driard Hotel. au4-tf

HUMPHREY BLOCK—Opposite Bank of B.N.A., Yates street, first-class furnished rooms at moderate charges, by day, week or month. Rooms bright, cheerful and airy. jy31-1m

TO LET—Offices; light and convenient; central situation; corner Yates and Government street. Apply to H. L. Salmon. jy22-tf

NEW LET—New and nicely furnished rooms with or without fire, by day, week or month. Apply 53 Yates street. no28-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A fine family cow. Apply at Club Stables. au10-2t

FOR SALE—The fast steam yacht "Minnehaha" now lying at foot of Herald st. Apply to Jos. Hunter, 154 Government street, Victoria. au8-1m

FOR SALE—One fine driving horse, well broken to saddle and one trained saddle horse. Apply at Transfer Co.'s stable or at Room 2, Oriental Hotel. jy31

A BARGAIN—A double fronted lot on Chatham street. Jones & Pattieson, 102 Government street. au3-2w

FOR SALE—The carpets, furniture, etc., of newly furnished lodging house, 18 rooms; fine location; very easy terms. Also, furniture, carpets, lease and goodwill, of 35 rooms; newly new; paying well; cash; balance easy instalments. A No. 1 chance for good paying hotel. Full particulars by writing to C., P.O. Box 692, Victoria, B.C. au4-2w

FOR SALE CHEAP—A fine corner lot for building purposes inside city limits. 118 feet frontage on a good road and 190 feet frontage on a 60-foot street. Terms one-third cash, balance monthly payments. Address "Property," care of Times office. jy30-2w

FOR SALE—A beautiful farm containing about eleven acres of land, eight of which are under cultivation, with cottage and orchard. The E. & N. L. passes alongside the property. Near Parson's Bridge. The above would make a delightful home for a family. It should be seen to be appreciated. Price $1,200. Terms. Apply to Capt. Clark on Irving st., Spyhawk, Victoria. jy23-1m

BUGGY FOR SALE—Good condition; $75. 9 James street, James Bay.

FOR SALE—Cheap, sloop Nymph; new last fall. Apply to A. A. Davidson, 55 Yates street. tf

BOARD.

PRIVATE BOARDING—Two gentlemen can obtain board in a respectable house in the heart of the city. Apply at this office. au10-tf

BOARD—Vacancy for a few boarders; moderate rates—at Revere House, 100 Pandora street. jy18-sat-mon-1m

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—On Sunday evening, between Christ Church Cathedral and Victoria West, a lady's small gold watch and chain with drum charm. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at the Times office. au10-1t

LOST—A small black collie dog. Answers to the name of "Jackie." Finder by leaving at the Oriental Hotel will be reimbursed any expense incurred. au7-1t

EDUCATIONAL.

SCHOOLS OF PRACTICAL, CIVIL, MECHANICAL, Mining Engineering, Surveying, Draughting, Architecture, Assaying and Navigation. Open all year. 723 Market street, San Francisco, Cal. Established 1864. A. VANDER NAILLEN, Pres. Send for circular. sept5-1yr

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Ewing's Livery, 119 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.

The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit these rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS

Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,

No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
jy23 A. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH

Chapter, No. 120, G.R.A. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited.
E. LANGLEY, Scribe k.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P.

Regular convocation every Friday evening at Foresters' Hall, Government street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend.
E. PFEIDERER, K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN

Society meets in their hall, corner Langley and Yates streets, on the first Friday in every month. All Scottishmen are invited to join.
J. M. MURDOCH, Secretary.

FINANCIAL.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,

Corner Government and Pandora streets. Money advanced on all kinds of approved security. Business strictly confidential. my4

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THE NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
Established 1797. Amount insured $20,000,000.
N. D. BELMCREN, Agent,
Johnson street, Victoria, B. C. jan7-ty

CIVIL ENGINEERS, Etc.

C. W. BUSK,
Assoc. M. Inst. C.E., M. Soc. C.E.
MINING AND GENERAL SURVEYOR AND CIVIL ENGINEER.

Plans and estimates furnished, reports prepared, works undertaken, and contracts superintended for all kinds of Engineering or Surveying work in the south part of the West Kootenay District.
Address P. O. Box 526, Victoria, B. C., or Nelson, Kootenay Lake, B. C. jan29

ARCHITECTS.

F. M. NORGATE & CO.,
ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS AND PATENT AGENTS.

Sketches, Plans, Elevations, Specifications prepared. Office, Moody's Block, 76 Yates street, Victoria, B.C. m20tf

THOMAS HOOPER,
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad and Fort. fe29tf

PHYSICIANS.

DRS. HALL & LEITCH,
OFFICES:—DRIARD BLOCK, 60 DOUGLAS ST.
Dr. F. W. HALL, M.D.C.M.
Dr. H. D. LEITCH, M.D.C.M., M.C.P.S.O., F.T.M.S.

Specially—Diseases of Women and Diseased of Rectum. Lately attending Women's Hospital and Post Graduate School and Hospital, New York. au5-6m

HOMŒOPATHY
DR. JOHN HALL
98 Yates street, over Cochrane and Munn's Drug Store.
CHRONIC AND CHILDREN'S DISEASES A SPECIALTY.
Office hours, from 1 to 4 p.m only excepting Sundays and holidays.

MISCELLANEOUS.

QUEEN'S MARKET.
L. GOODACRE.
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS.
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 128

JOHN J. AUSTIN,
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street Victoria. P.O. Box 30.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. jul8

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers, Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coal and wood for sale. au22-1y

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, at its next regular meeting, for a license to sell and supply beer, porter and wines with meals, and not otherwise, at the Balmoral Restaurant, No. 40 Broad street, Victoria.

Dated 7th day of August, 1891.

F. W. GARLAND,
Balmoral Restaurant,
40 Broad street, Victoria.
au7-1m

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT I INTEND to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the city of Victoria at its next regular meeting for a transfer of my license to sell intoxicating liquors by retail at the premises situate on the corner of Store and Discovery streets, Victoria City, known as the Western Hotel, to Alexander Cameron McAlpin of the city of Victoria.

JOHN DOHERTY.

Dated Victoria, 5th August, 1891. au5-1m

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the city of Victoria at its next regular meeting for a transfer of the license to sell wines, liquors and cigars by retail at the premises known as the Market Exchange, No. 99 Fort street, in the said city of Victoria, B.C., to R. McKenzie Munro & Co. of the same city.

(Signed) GEORGE THOMSON.

Dated July 30th, 1891. au11d

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT I INTEND to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the city of Victoria at its next regular meeting for a transfer of my license to sell intoxicating liquors at the Leland House on the corner of Douglas street and Queen's Avenue to H. T. Cole.

JOHN McCARTNEY.

jy24-1m

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT I INTEND to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria at its next regular meeting for a transfer of my license to sell intoxicating liquors by retail at the premises known as the Grand Pacific Hotel situated on Johnson and Store streets to Joseph Sauer.

JAMES DALEY.

Dated at Victoria the 1st day of August, 1891. au3-1m

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Board for a transfer of the license of the Gordon Hotel, Johnson street, from Charles Brewster to myself.

GEORGE DOGHERTY.

Victoria, August 6th, 1891. au7-1m

E. SPILLMAN,
Fresco and Scene Painter

Plain Painting, Hardwood Finishing, Tinting, Paper Hanging, and
WALL DECORATION OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
P. O. BOX 788,
Corner of Broad and Pandora streets, Victoria

A. C. McALPIN,
CHIROPODIST

Turner Building, No. 98 Douglas street. Removes Hard and Soft Corns, Ingrowing Nails, etc., without pain.
Office hours—9 to 12 a.m.; 1 to 5 and 7 to 9 p.m.
jy10-3m

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the
Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,
At No. 27 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week ..... 25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year $10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States, or Great Britain for $2.00 per annum, paid in advance

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

MERCANTILE AND GENERAL BUSINESS ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted for a definite period of time will be charged for at the following rates:

One week	15 cts	per line
Two weeks	25	" "
One month	30	" "
Three months	85	" "
Six months	$1 50	" "
One year	2 75	" "

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., four lines or under, 25 cents for each insertion, and pro rata for more space or longer time.

A "line" is a nonpareil line, similar to this type, twelve of which occupy one inch of space.

NOTICES of Births, $1.00; Marriages, $1.50; Deaths, $1.00; Deaths with funeral announcements, $2.00.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set in brevier (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25 cents a line for first insertion, and 12½ cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12½ cents for first insertion, and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion, and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Address
THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager.

The Daily Times.

SIR HECTOR RESIGNS.

The Minister of Public Works has resigned rather than face the risk of expulsion. This course will give rise to many inferences and surmises, but whatever may have been the mainspring of Sir HECTOR's action, his leaving the Cabinet will no doubt be a source of relief to some at least of his colleagues. The line of conduct pursued by the disgraced minister has been undignified; he could scarcely have planned so as to make his own downfall more complete. Having refused to take the dignified course of retiring when the charges were laid against him, he now by his inglorious funk but draws on himself the largest measure of public contempt.

IS THE CONSERVATIVE PARTY FIT TO RULE?

The Colonist, as if repenting of its querulousness over some of the boodlers, comes to the fore this morning with an article in which it argues that it would be absurd to condemn the whole Government for the "evil deeds of a few of its members." It even goes farther, and declares "that it would be paying a poor compliment to either the conscience or the discernment of the electorate to expect that they will condemn all the members of the Government and all the leading men of the Conservative party because some few Government officials—and not all of them Conservatives—and a firm of contractors have abused the trust placed in them." This for the benefit of the TIMES, which paper, alleges the Colonist, "virtually admits that the Liberals expect to be elevated to power, not because they have done anything to deserve the confidence of the people of the Dominion, but because some of the civil servants of the Government, etc., "have acted foolishly, dishonestly and corruptly."

It is not worth while for this paper to deny that it "virtually admits" any thing of the kind because everybody who reads it—and the number who so do are not a few—know better. Since, however, the charge has been preferred, the TIMES is not so certain but that it ought to plead guilty, for certain it is that if the Government and the Conservative party of Canada are honest, they have a vast amount of both direct and circumstantial evidence to overcome to prove it. Who are the honest men in the cabinet? Shall we suppose men to be honest who are doing their best to burk enquiry, as is the case with Ministers FOSTER and HAGGART? Can it be that Sir JOHN THOMPSON is a disinterested statesman, when we have it in black and white that his attitude all through the investigations now in progress has been the reverse of an investigator who was desirous of getting at bottom facts? And what about DEWDNEY, the "back stairs" statesman? Where would he be this moment had not the ministers interposed to save him? If DEWDNEY had any sense of shame he would resign. The fact of the matter is, there is not a member of the Government who is not smirched in some way, from ABBOTT down. If they do not owe their present positions to bribery and petticoat influence, they have distinguished themselves by desperate efforts to hide as much rascality as possible. In no instance have they shown a desire to probe to the bottom of the rascalities which the TARTE investigation has revealed, though it suited some of them to pose as searchers for the truth.

Large allowance, however, can be made for the Colonist, under the circumstances. It sees that the end of the corruptionists' reign is at hand, so it is but whistling to keep up its own courage. That is a harmless occupation in which it may safely be allowed to indulge, if thereby its nerves are soothed and its tremors quieted. The electorate will judge between the parties when the time comes; and we have not so far lost faith in the people as to believe that the people will condone the Government's offences.

MR. JESSOP VS. THE "DR."

Supt. Pope, replying to a communication from the Board, addressed to the Council of Public Instruction, wrote that the Board had no authority to appoint teachers to positions other than provided for in the estimates, the necessary authority being obtainable from the Government.—Colonist.

On the strength of the above Trustee JESSOP "expressed his surprise at the tenor of Superintendent POPE's communication; he had understood otherwise from conversation with the Superintendent." It appears from this that not even the appointees of the Government are able to fathom the deep abyss of Dr. POPE's educational policy, and that in consequence, questions of veracity are likely to arise. Indeed, for that matter, we have a question of veracity as it is, but Mr. JESSOP is not disposed to push it. He contents himself by simply expressing the hope that to avoid future misunderstandings "ALL COMMUNICATIONS WITH THE COUNCIL OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION WOULD BE IN WRITING." This is severe enough. Mr. JESSOP does not trust the Dr. In the future the Dr. will have to put himself on record in black and white. It may be observed in this connection that Mr. McCONNAN's memory is also defective. Keep on Mr. JESSOP; you are doing good work. If the Department of Education and Mr. McCONNAN are suffering from paresis the public should know it.

PROF. ROBERTSON'S LECTURE.

It is a great pity that so few people attended the lecture on agriculture given by Prof. ROBERTSON, Dominion Dairy Commissioner, in the Victoria Theatre. The subject matter is of prime importance to the people of the city as well as to farmer, and Mr. ROBERTSON's method of treating it is entertaining and instructive in an equal degree. It was a mistake on the part of the Agricultural Society to fix a high price of admission—or, in fact, any price at all. It should have been their aim to secure as large an audience as possible, to the end that the benefits of Prof. ROBERTSON's instruction might be widely spread. As it has happened, the many who might have been present missed their opportunity, and the TIMES gladly devotes a portion of its space to laying a report of the lecture before those who take an interest in the subject. It should not be necessary to point out to the people of any portion of this Province the urgent necessity of developing our agricultural resources, though to those who listened to Mr. ROBERTSON's clear and graphic remarks on the point, the importance of such development was presented with unusual force. According to a generally accepted dictum, the man who causes two blades of grass to grow where one grew before is a benefactor to his race, and this must be doubly true of the man who undertakes to increase the yield of the soil in British Columbia. It is a reproach to the Province that it should have to import farm products, when its own producing capacity is so great, awaiting only the necessary development. It is to be hoped that this reproach will soon be removed through the efforts of such men as Prof. ROBERTSON and those who assist him.

A Michigan Man Getting Rich by Breeding the Animals for Their Fur.

A few years ago Abram Freeland, the owner of a small farm near this town, started a new industry—that of raising skunks for the fur he could get off them. He started, says the Chicago Mail, with a single pair, and his originality has brought him profit and notoriety. The skunks increased rapidly, and the first year Abram cleared about sixty per cent. on his investment. The second year showed a profit of nearly two hundred per cent., and he expects the third year, now that he has about fourteen hundred polecats in his inclosure, will yield him a profit of fully six hundred per cent. Abram is a very patient and kindly man and has trained the older polecats so they will answer to their names when he calls. He robs the business of its terrors by submitting the skunks, when a few days old, to a surgical operation that robs them of their weapon of defense and makes them as harmless and odorless as puppies. He is a kindly man and kills them by chloroform. It is the only farm of its kind known and attracts a great deal of attention among the residents of Southern Michigan. As he has a monopoly of the trade in skunk skins he will grow rich if the present tariff holds out long enough.

Locust Plague in Australia.

Accounts of the locust plague in Australia are still most dismal, except in Adelaide, where the locusts have been good enough to drown themselves in myriads. The sea-shore of Adelaide at last reports was lined with the drowned locusts. At Minyip, however, the arrival of an immense column from the north was seriously alarming the inhabitants. The atmosphere presented the appearance of a snow-storm; the roads and fences were covered to a depth of three inches or four inches with a solid mass of locusts. The gardens were quickly denuded of vegetation and all herbage was fast disappearing before the pest. The caterpillar plague is also causing the Australian colonists serious anxiety. Failures among agriculturalists is attributed to these pests; and no wonder, when as much as six hundred pounds sterling is said to be the loss of one farmer alone through the destruction of his barley crop by the caterpillar.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

MUST GET PERMISSION TO APPOINT TEACHERS.

The Superintendent of Education Need Not Appear Before the Trustees—Trustee Richards' Move for a Return of the Examination Papers.

There was a full board present at last evening's meeting of the school trustees, Mr. Hayward in the chair.

After the minutes had been read and adopted, Trustee McConnan asked to be removed from the committee appointed to procure a substitute for Miss Armstrong, as this was the first he knew of his having been appointed. Trustee Jessop jogged Trustee McConnan's memory a little, and he then acknowledged that he had been consulted in the matter.

Superintendent of Education Pope, in reply to a letter from the secretary, said that the trustees had not the power to appoint teachers other than were provided for in the estimates. The authority necessary to make such appointment could only be obtained from the Government. The letter was received and filed.

The Attorney-General wrote, in answer to communications from the secretary, that it was not necessary for the Superintendent of Education to appear before the trustees to enquire into the marking of examination papers, as the question was not, in his opinion, of such a nature as to require an expression of his views. The communication was received and filed.

J. N. Muir wrote with reference to certain children, not of school age, being allowed to attend Victoria West school.

Trustee Jessop, reporting for the special committee appointed to secure a substitute for Miss Armstrong during her absence, said the committee had secured the services of Mr. Kerr, and he had already entered upon his duties.

The architect, for the improvements of Victoria West school reported that he had received several tenders.

Trustee Maclaughlin said when he had recommended such improvements for Victoria West school he was not aware that other schools were as much, if not more, in need of like improvements. He thought it would not be right to receive tenders for Victoria West until it was known what would be done with the other schools.

Trustee Jessop said that now that the schools were open it would soon be ascertained what was best to be done to relieve the congested condition of the schools.

Trustee Richards said that the Work Estate and Spring Ridge schools were so crowded that desks only meant for two scholars actually had four trying to work at them. While the schools were overcrowded to this extent it would be unreasonable to expect good work.

The opening of the tenders was deferred for one week.

Trustee Maclaughlin moved the following resolution:

"Resolved, that this Board believes it conducive to the best interests of education in this city, that, as soon as possible after each half-yearly examination, the teachers of the public and high schools, reviewing the questions set at these examinations, and the work of the pupils in connection therewith, more particularly their failures, instruct their classes upon these examination questions, and otherwise judiciously comment on the most suitable and correct replies to be given thereto.

Resolved, that the principals of schools, and all others interested in education, are respectfully requested to aid in carrying into effect the views of the Board as contained in the foregoing resolution."

He said his object in introducing the motion was to systematise the work of examinations. He thought it only fair to both teacher and pupil that the latter should be examined in subjects that they had been taught, and that afterwards by going over the examination papers the scholars would be able to see wherein they had failed, or been proficient.

Trustee Richards thought this a move in the right direction.

Trustee McConnon disagreed with the motion. He did not think it right that the teachers and scholars should review the work. He moved in amendment that the motion be tabled for one week.

As there was no seconder to the amendment the resolution was carried.

Trustee Richards moved the following resolution:

Whereas this board is of opinion that, in order to facilitate the business of this board, the opinion of the hon. the Attorney-General on the question submitted for his consideration in a resolution passed at the last meeting of this board, would be of great assistance:

Be it therefore resolved, that the hon. Attorney-General be respectfully requested to favor this board with his opinion on the question submitted in said resolution."

He thought it was necessary to know in what relation the trustee board stood to the Superintendent of Education, and that the Attorney-General was the most competent man to inform them on that matter.

Trustee Morrow agreed with Trustee Richards, and seconded the resolution.

Trustees McConnan and Jessop held that the trustees had no power to compel the superintendent to attend the school board meetings, and thought that, in view of the Attorney-General's reply to the former letter it would be better to let the matter drop.

On a division being taken the vote stood:

For—Richards, Morrow and Maclaughlin.

Against—Jessop, Saunders and McConnan.

The chairman voted with the nays and the motion was lost.

Trustee Richards moved that in view of the crowded state of the schools and the hot weather the Education Department be requested to extend the vacation till September 1st.

Trustee McConnan opposed the motion on the ground that the scholars had already settled down to work.

Trustee Morrow favored extending the vacation for two weeks, and Trustee Richards finally agreed to that.

After considerable discussion the motion was put and lost, upon a division of two for and three against. Trustee Maclaughlin did not vote.

Trustee Morrow introduced the following:

"Whereas, the estimates provide for additional teachers for the Victoria West school, and also for a new school in the city of Victoria;

And whereas, the Board of Trustees are of the opinion that the following ward schools, viz.: James Bay, Hillside and Spring Ridge, are in a very overcrowded state;

And whereas, the Council of Public Instruction have stated that the trustees will require to apply to the Provincial Government if it is desirable in their opinion that additional teachers to the foregoing ward schools be made in preference to the additional teachers at Victoria West, and the new school provided in the estimates;

Be it therefore resolved, that this Board is of the opinion that it is advisable to supply new teachers for the ward schools named in preference to Victoria West or establishing a new school."

After considerable discussion the motion was withdrawn, with the understanding that it should be again presented at the next meeting.

A long list of articles required for the different schools was read and referred to the committee of supply with power to act.

The chairman appointed Trustees Maclaughlin, Saunders and Richards a finance committee.

Two bills for carriage hire by trustees were referred to the finance committee to be paid if found correct.

Trustee Richards moved the following resolution, which was carried:

Resolved, that the secretary send a copy of the resolution introduced by Trustee Maclaughlin, and passed at this meeting, to the Superintendent of Education and principals of all the schools, together with a request to the Superintendent of Education to return for inspection to the principals of schools all examination papers in connection with the recent half-yearly examinations.

The Board then adjourned.

ENGLAND'S NAVY.

Its Sorry Reputation It Does Not Satisfy the English.

"The truly perilous condition of our country during war, owing to the exceedingly weak state of the navy as compared with that from 1793 to 1851," is the subject of a very remarkable letter just written by Admiral Sir Thomas Symonds, of the royal navy, to the Marquis of Salisbury. Standing in the light of a recognized authority, remarks the New York Times, Sir Thomas is listened to by the British military service with mingled wonder and apprehension. The service papers print the letter in full, with copious editorials.

Sir Thomas states that Great Britain has so few cruisers that even in 1895 it would be impossible to supply the coaling stations during war with France alone. The fighting and mercantile navies would be paralyzed, and the punctual supply of food would be impossible.

"In personnel our numbers are about 30,000 partly trained men. The French have 104,000 inscrits and 26,000 marine artillerymen and light infantry. Total, 130,000 well-trained men. We should have at least marine artillerymen enough beyond what we have to garrison our dock-yard towns, which should be, like the French, under prefect-Admirals. As to vessels, we have none. We need twenty battle-ships and fifty cruisers of all classes ready for sea as a reserve—except being manned—to relieve accidents, and even for coaling, passing the crews of those vessels returning to port to those ready for sea."

In conclusion Admiral Symonds says that he deems it his imperative duty to make manifest how recklessly his country is pursuing the road to ruin in the event of war, for he is certain that seventy-six armor-clads and eighty-eight cruisers, some of which are of a questionable character, can not possibly fulfill the duties expected of her Majesty's navy.

A Terrible Warning.

A lightning-rod man who is canvassing the country districts of Georgia gives the people this terrible warning to induce them to buy his rods: "An old man down in the country refused to have us rod his dwelling. His wife and grown daughter stood on his front porch and cried for a lightning-rod. As I mounted my wagon I said to him: 'Old man, in less than thirty days you will regret this.' And, gentlemen, it is the truth that in just twenty-nine days from that time the lightning fell on that old man's house, demolished the house, killed his wife and daughter, and completely paralyzed him."

Peaches, Pears, Apricots and Bananas. Dixi H. Ross & Co.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Excursion to the North.

C.P.N. CO.'S SS.

ISLANDER

will leave Victoria

MONDAY, 17TH AUG.,

For Fort Simpson, Naas, Queen Charlotte Islands (Massett), Gardiner's Inlet, and calling at all the ports and points of interest en route. Scenery surpasses description. Accommodation excellent. Fare for round trip, including meals and berth, $[illegible]. Apply at C.P.N. Co.'s office, Wharf street.
au7 JNO. IRVING, Manager.

FURNISHED ROOMS to let, from $6 monthly; or by the day or week. Next door to Fullerton's boot store, 103 Government street.

ANNIE WRIGHT SEMINARY

TACOMA, WASHINGTON.

Boarding and Day School for Girls.

The eighth year opens September 10th.

For catalogue and admittance address
MRS. SARAH K. WHITE,
8-2m Principal.

THE CITY AND DISTRICT

For Fancy Creamery Butter.

Choice Eastern bacon and hams, away up teas and coffees, go to Wm. Eckert, 106 Yates street.

Simply Elegant.

Jackson & Mylius' stock of jewelry, watches, diamonds, etc. 76 Government street, Colonist building.

Tickets.

For the Jubilee Hospital excursion to Seattle can be had at M. W. Waitt's and T. N. Hibben & Co.'s. *

Oriental Hotel, Vancouver.

Passengers going east can have lunch, free 'bus to and from hotel, and use of parlors six hours, for 50 cents. jy31-3m

To Visit the Lepers.

The sanitary committee left this morning by the steamer Alert to visit the lepers on Darcy Island. There was a stock of supplies taken up.

No More Dancing at Oak Bay.

Under the new management of Mr. J. R. Berrie the pavilion will be run in a strictly first-class manner. The public are cordially invited. tf

A Dull Day.

Proceedings in the police court were dull to-day, the old routine of drunks and vagrants having to be resorted to in order to create any interest at all. There were two drunks, one vagrant, and a case of stealing by one Indian woman from another.

Ready to Work.

Rithet's clamshell dredger is in position at the outer dock, and ready to start work at the word "go." Stonemasons are busy building the breakwater, and it is expected before the weather breaks the new ocean docks will be on a fair road to completion. One can give but a small idea of what the wharf is going to be from what they see now.

A Farewell Party.

A pleasant party assembled last evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Thomas, Second street, to bid farewell to Mr. A. J. Doherty, who has been spending the past few months in Victoria. Mr. Doherty made many friends during his stay, and they tendered him many warm wishes for a safe return to his home in the east. He left by this morning's Islander.

The Case Dismissed.

The case of Mrs. Graham, charged with assaulting Mrs. Price at the 4-mile house, was to have come up in the provincial police court this morning, but the principals did not appear. Mr. Mills, for the defendant, and Mr. Fell, for the prosecutor, were present, however, and came to an agreement as to costs, etc. Mr. Robert Ward, J.P., therefore dismissed the case.

Northwest Baptist Society.

The convention of the Northwest Baptist Society will be held at Tacoma, August 25th to 30th inclusive, and it is expected that a large number will attend. The Puget Sound and Alaska Steamship Company's steamer City of Kingston will carry members of the convention to Tacoma and return at $4 for the round trip, tickets being on sale from August 24th to 29th inclusive. 2t

The E. B. Marvin's Case.

Captain McDougall, of the sealing schooner E. B. Marvin, left for the east by this morning's mainland boat. Although the primary object of the captain's trip is to visit home and family, he will stop at Ottawa for the purpose of representing the case of the E. B. Marvin seizure to the department of marine and fisheries. He will be absent about a couple of months.

Boys and a Lantern.

About 5 o'clock last evening the people in the neighborhood of the Philharmonic hall were startled by a bright blaze issuing from one of the small sheds adjoining that building. It was found upon investigation that several small boys had got in the shed with a lantern, which set fire to a lot of old rags. The fire was luckily put out by residents of that locality, before much damage had been done.

Christ Church Cathedral.

The council of the Provincial Society of Architects met Saturday evening and discussed the question of the Christ Church Cathedral building competition. They passed a resolution asking the building committee to withdraw their conditions governing the designs for the new building, and drafted a new set of conditions which they transmitted to the committee asking the latter to adopt them. The committee will take the new conditions into consideration at an early meeting.

Figures Won't Lie.

And this is the way it figures, paying for a home without money, providing you are paying $25 a month rent. In five years you would pay $1500 that you would never get back, not even interest. And the natural advance in five years on your property ought to be about $500, total $2000. So if you should purchase one of those beautiful $2000 cottages of YOUNG & BARTLETT, No. 9 Trounce Avenue, on the installment plan, in five years you will virtually have paid for your home without money.

The Aurora Gets Home.

The sealing schooner Aurora, Captain Olsen, put into port last night. She was warned out of the sea on the 8th of July, and left on the 9th. Had it not been for a dead calm on the coast for nearly a fortnight, she would have been in here with the other schooners. She only has a catch of 42 skins, and reports nothing exciting.

The Penelope was warned out of the sea the same day.

The schooner Winnifred arrived in port this morning with 105 skins.

District Methodist Finance Meeting.

The financial meeting of Victoria District of the Methodist Church opened this afternoon in the Pandora Avenue Methodist Church, Rev. Coverdale Watson, owing to the heavy responsibilities of his work here and the large amount of work in which he is interested, to-day handed in his resignation as the district chairman. An election was immediately held to fill the vacancy and Rev. J. H. White was the choice. Rev. A. E. Green was elected financial secretary, to fill the position made vacant by Mr. White's elevation to the chair. The main work of this meeting is to recommend appropriations for the various missions of the district to the general missionary board of the church.

Go to Tom Graham's

For bargains in Clothing and Gent's Furnishings, next to Cheapside Government street. *

Yes, Verily.

If your watch needs repairing, leave it with Jackson & Mylius. They guarantee their work. 76 Government St.

Arrived O. K.

A fine stock of Razor Strops; a complete line of shaving materials, c c. Pocket Cutlery, Scissors, Table Cutlery direct from Sheffield, at Fox's, 78 Government street. Call and examine. *

Stop Paying Rent.

As a home can be secured from the owners on time, No. 9 Trounce avenue. $100 down and $25 a month and be paying for a home. Call and have a talk with Young, Bartlett & Co., No. 9 Trounce Avenue. *

From the Orient.

The C.P.R. steamship Parthia, Capt. Paulson, R.N.R., arrived off the outer wharf at 6:30 last evening and left at 3 o'clock this morning for Vancouver. She left Yokohama July 29th, making the trip across the Pacific in 12 days, 17 hours and 28 minutes. She had fine weather and an uneventful trip with the exception of the death on August 4 of Dr. Wells. She had a cargo of 3000 tons, 100 tons of which are for Victoria, 600 tons for Portland and the balance for Eastern points. Six saloon passengers for Victoria came in on the tender Maude, but the 100 tons of freight and 60 Chinese for Victoria were taken to Vancouver to await the pleasure of the company for shipment to Victoria. The saloon passengers were:—Mr. F. W. Styan, Mr. J. A. Haures, Mr. H. Whistler, Mr. A. H. Heath, Mr. and Mrs. Wright and child, Dr. and Mrs. Hunter and four children, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Wood, Mr. G. R. Wingrove, Mrs. Wells, Mr. Galt, Col. Skinner, Capt. Doubassoff, Miss Nickerson, Miss Hughes, Mr. and Mrs. Colton and children, Mr. McMicking, Bishop Hare, Mr. Popoff, Madame Popoff, Col. and Mrs. Cox, Mr. and Mrs. Whittington and child, Mrs. Yeomans, Mr. Sefton, Mr. Campbell, Mr. Jaeger, Mr. Meuser and Mr. F. McCarthy.

FRUITS AND FLOWERS.

A Choice Display of British Columbia's Floral, Vegetable and Fruit Wealth.

Professor Robertson's enthusiasm about the resources of this Province would seem to be justified in every particular; but if he saw the exhibits at to-day's fruit and flower show his enthusiasm would have bordered on something far more forcible. The display is not profuse, but it emphasizes in the strongest possible manner the richness and fertility of British Columbia. The fruit and vegetables shown have been brought to a high stage of perfection, showing both care and skill of a very advanced order in their cultivation. Of course the flowers first attract attention by their beauteous wealth; a large bed at the entrance, composed of a groundwork of moss, with dahlias, hollyhocks, and French marigolds worked into the motto: "Victoria Your Sweet Home," is exceedingly pretty. It is the handiwork of Mr. Brown of Government House. It is an imitation of the floral richness beyond, for Mr. McTavish shows a superb collection and is vied with by Mr. James Moss, Mr. D. R. Harris and many others. Soon one wishes to see something besides the flowers, and attention is drawn to the fruit and vegetables. Mr. Moss is what might be termed a fruit and vegetable crank, if a pardonable pride in his really excellent productions is taken into account. He has potatoes that are marvels of perfection. Madeleine pears, blackberries like small cherries, Yorkshire peas and other vegetables of an excellent class. Mr. McTavish has a remarkably good collection of vegetables as well as flowers. Indeed it will be a difficult matter for the judges to decide who has the best. Fortunately in this connection the collection is not too large. The fruit however, is probably the chief attraction. It rivals anything yet shown here, and would in any other centre establish this province as the fruit garden of the Dominion. Among the leading exhibitors are Geo. Millette, H. A. Hicks, Mr. Henley, William Dodds, W. M. Arthur, Mr. McNeeley and others.

His Honor the Lieutenant Governor and Mrs. Nelson formally opened the exhibition this afternoon, and seemed much pleased and gratified at the display. His Honor, who takes an especial interest in these branches, very warmly expressed his pleasure. Mr. Pfeodner's band discoursed sweet music to the visitors.

The exhibition will be open this evening from 7:30.

The sufferers from Catarrh are legion and the majority of them make the serious mistake of thinking they should only use treatment when at its worst. Treatment during the summer months is almost certain to prevent a recurrence of the disease, and Nasal Balm is the only remedy that will effect a complete cure. All dealers, or post free on receipt of price (50c. or $1 a bottle). Address Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont.

Since Childhood's Days.

"I have been bothered with neuralgic pains in the head and face since childhood, and have tried all possible remedies. A friend persuaded me to try Burdock Blood Bitters, and after using it I obtained instant relief, and thoroughly recommend B. B. B." — Jas. Inglis, Bredenbury, Assa.

Steamer Maude is discharging her cargo of coal into the ss. Princess Louise, thus enabling the latter to leave direct for the North. The Louise will leave to-morrow evening for all northern ports at 6 o'clock sharp.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is in favor with all classes because it combines economy and strength. 100 Doses One Dollar.

What steam is to the engine, Hood's Sarsaparilla is to the body, producing bodily power and furnishing mental force.

Our brand of Table Claret tickles the palate. Dixi H. Ross & Co.

Our Toilet Soaps are not surpassed in quality or odor. Dixi H. Ross & Co.

AGRICULTURE IN CANADA

AN INTERESTING LECTURE BY PROFESSOR ROBERTSON.

A Seemingly Dry Subject Made Very Attractive While Conveying Valuable Information for Farmers—The Meeting Heartily Thanks the Professor.

Although there was some room left in the theatre last evening when Professor Robertson lectured on agriculture in Canada, yet the meeting was an interested and intelligent one. Mr. Robertson treated his very comprehensive subject admirably and soon won the sympathies of his audience.

AGRICULTURE IN CANADA.

Coming to speak of agriculture in Canada the Professor referred to the object of agriculture. The farmers find the food of the people with the single exception of fish. The ultimate aim of all men who follow farming is profit, or the making of money, and that they can accomplish in measure only as they furnish food and the raw materials for clothing. The farmer, like every other man, follows his calling with more success and enjoyment when he has a clear conception of the underlying principles which move the consequences of his activities. When the agriculturists of the country recognize their true functions in society as the food producers of the people, they will be helped to more certain and larger profits. In coming years the competitions between foods for a place on the diet list of the people will become more intense. Already the cheapness and abundance of concentrated foods in the form of animals products begin to displace on the tables of the poorest of the inhabitants the coarser and cheaper forms of the diet which used to be ample for the needs of his family. It is important also that the consuming population should understand more than they do of the relation of foods to both economy and health, and as farmers succeed in providing food products at the least possible cost to themselves they not only leave more margin for food, but they make it possible to feed the city workers upon more nourishing diet at lower rates, and thus the material advancement of the whole community is helped. There is no rivalry, or there should be none, between the workers in the cities and the workers in the fields of the country. Rightly looked upon, their interests are harmonious if not quite identical. As the farmer furnishes the best quality of goods, so is the artizan or professional man enabled to render him more economical and efficient service. It should be the object of the farmer to sell such products as will bring himself the largest amount of revenue with the least exhaustion of his farm and the smallest cost for labor and production, as it is the object of the consumer to procure the most nourishment, in the most palatable form, for the least outlay. In order to show the importance of food, a chart was displayed by the lecturer showing the chemical compounds of the average human body. Food may be termed any material which nourishes the body and supplies vital force for the activities of life by the generation of heat and energy. The body creates nothing, and must therefore get its force from outside sources, and repair whatever is wasted. The chart showed the chemical compounds of the average human body to be:—

Water	90	lbs
Albuminoids	26.6	"
Fats	35	"
Carbo-hydrates	1	"
Mineral matter	8.3	"

The food consumed by the individual every day must necessarily contain substances similar to those of which the body is composed, and thus in all economical feeding of domestic animals that same fact should be borne in mind. The average man's food per day furnishes sufficient energy, if properly applied, to raise 34000 tons a distance of one foot. The epicure is not always an advantageous medium for the application of this object.

A series of charts were then displayed showing the composition of foods furnished by mixed farming, and comments were made upon their best combinations for the economical sustenance of the population. To the excellent beef of England, said the lecturer, is to be attributed a great deal of England's influence and power in the world to-day. A robust physical basis of life is as necessary for the progress of a people in national civilization as is the quickening of the intellectual faculties. Oatmeal is perfectly proportioned in its constituents for the amount of muscular and nerve force which will be derived from it. The albuminoids are often spoken of as the flesh warmers, and a diet of oatmeal as compared with rice, may account in a very large measure for the difference between the Scotchman and the Chinaman. The Irishman makes an excellent combination in using buttermilk with potatoes; and with all its furious claims for culture and the leading of the thought of the people, Boston has done nothing so worthy of attention or approval as advertising pork and beans. The special object of mixed and dairy farming is to provide food for the people in such attractive, palatable and appetizing form as will improve the health and physical life of the people, although with direct advantage to the farmers themselves. Of course from their stand point the element of profit is the all important one.

METHODS OF AGRICULTURAL PRACTICE.

In the Dominion of Canada the first settlers found a soil of wonderful fertility, and to them fell the lot of clearing land, constructing roads and bridges. But it becomes the duty of the toilers who live by the soil to preserve its fertility as well as to provide food for the people from its resources. So long as grain growing alone is followed, the attainment of that object is difficult. Every crop raised on land, takes from it something of its substance when the whole crop is sold the fertility of the land is very quickly depleted. When the raw products in the form of grain and fodders is fed to the cattle, between 80 and 90 per cent., of the substance is taken from the soil. This may be returned in the form of fertilizers and thus the fertility of the farms may be maintained while large sales of stock and their products are being made. The farming in Ontario and Quebec has been able to yield a profit of late years only because farmers in those provinces have gone extensively into stock of all kinds. The soil is quickly recovering its power, and yields larger crops. In Canada as soon as farmers apply to the carrying on of their own business, skill and knowledge equal to that of the lands of Europe, agriculture must necessarily yield better returns. Perhaps no where else are soil and climate so well adjusted to each other for perfecting cereals of all kinds, and in the province of British Columbia particularly they are adapted for the production of enormous yields per acre. This province also has the unquestionable advantage of a home market for more than its farmers can produce. The opportunities here for successful farming are peerless.

EXPERIMENTAL FARMING SYSTEM.

From the nature of their occupation farmers require more outside assistance to enable them to prosecute it with the greates possible advantage. Separated from frequent or close communication with their fellows, each man often struggles or stumbles along with the limited light of knowledge gained from his own experience. His calling requires a knowledge of many of the great laws of nature, and nature is always generous to the man who treats her with but half fair play. The government having recognized the importance of agriculture in a country like ours, and considering the possibility of improving the condition of the great majority of its citizens by helpful information, a few years ago decided to establish a system of Dominion Experimental farms. The Hon. John Carling, as Minister of Agriculture, gave official effect to the proposal; and has provided for one central experimental farm, with four branch farms, to serve the far distant provinces of the Dominion. The value of these institutions has been proven. Farmers, while slow to yield their confidence to members of their own class, need a leadership of some individual or institution with larger opportunities for forming a clear judgment than themselves. The stimulation it gives from seeing their business receiving its due recognition and attention from the leaders of the people is also of great advantage to them. Just as far as the experimental stations are educational and shed the kindly light of their knowledge into the homes of the poor and indifferent farmer, as well as into his more fortunate brothers, will fully justify the expenditure of public money in their maintenance. That farmers are beginning to recognize the serviceability and value of these stations is indicated by the ever growing call for reports, and the letters of enquiry from all quarters of the Dominion. The correspondence of the central farm has now grown to over 20,000 letters annually. The experimental farms are under the direction of Professor Saunders, and each year their influence is becoming more far-reaching for good. The excellent qualities possessed by some varieties of grain are soon lost after repeated cultivation in any one locality. One branch of the farm work is to originate new varieties of grain by cross-fertilization. New varieties of grain have been imported from northern India, many parts of Europe and Siberia. An explanation of the practical nature of the work of the experimental farms may be given by citing some features which are in progress on the central farm near Ottawa. Under the direct charge of Professor Saunders there is a department for the distribution of seeds. Every farmer who applies will receive a three-pound bag of some new and proved variety of grain. Over 12,000 of such sample bags were distributed during the last two years. The educational value of this distribution is one of its best features. Farmers are encouraged and trained to observe more carefully the habits of growth in the grain which they sow. Distribution of trees is also a feature. In the treeless tracts of the Northwest and Manitoba during the past two years over 300,000 trees have been received, besides a very large quantity of tree seeds. Tests are made on the farm of the production of the leading varieties of grain by sowing quantities of wheat, barley, oats and peas. Comparisons are also made as to the effects of soil, cultivation, the different methods of tilling, and the sowing and reaping of grain either early or late in the season. Last year six ranges of plots, each range containing plots, were used to test the effect of very early as against very late sowing. Wheat, barley and oats were sown on each of the six plots, with intervals of one week. The case of the barley was cited to illustrate the advantage of early sowing. From the plot sown earliest forty bushels per acre were obtained. From the plot sown one week later, the yield was only twenty-four bushels per acre, and a decrease from the later sowings was shown in the following figures—16, 15, 10 and 11.

The department of live stock, which is under the lecturer's special charge, is rendering farmers a practical service. In the fattening of steers for beef, a test was made last winter for comparing the relative values of corn ensilage, hay and roots. Three lots of steers were put into the stable to be fattened. The first lot were fed upon a ration consisting of hay, roots and meal. The second lot were put upon a ration of corn ensilage, and an equal quantity of meal. The third lot were fed upon a ration of peas, hay, roots and corn ensilage, with a quantity of meal equal to that given to each of the other lots. The lot which were fed upon corn ensilage and meal gained rather most in weight and fastest. The main difference was evident in the different costs of the feed per day. If the animals fed upon the hay roots and meal cost an average of 19 cents per day, those upon corn ensilage and meal cost an average of 17 cents per day, those fed upon a mixture of hay, roots, corn ensilage and meal cost an average of 15 cents per day. The advantage of feeding on corn ensilage is thus very apparent. The professor stated that the value of fodder corn depends very much upon the state of maturity to which it had attained before it is cut. A chart was displayed showing that when the corn is cut in what is known as the "tasseling" stage, the yield of dry matter per acre was only 1672 pounds, as against a total weight of over nine tons of corn fodder. The average of the same crops of corn grown to the "glaze" stage of maturity was 7202 pounds of dry matter per acre out of a total weight of green fodder of 18 tons. A very great increase in the feeding value per acre from corn which reaches the glaze stage was thus emphasized by the professor. Many corns will grow to this stage in British Columbia, and a three-pound bag will be sent to any farmer applying to the Central experimental farm near Ottawa, if he would only give it a fair test, and it is thought that he will find it an excellent and cheap winter fodder. The manner of constructing silos and their peculiar adaptability and serviceableness for the Province of British Columbia with its large crops of grasses, its heavy yields of mixed crops for fodder, were pointed out and explained by the Professor. Information was also given on the feeding and milking of cows, and it was stated that the maximum fluid of grain which a cow can profitably consume per day is from six to eight pounds. An excess of rich food causes the animal to give less milk than if the food were of a poorer quality.

At this juncture an illustration was given by means of diagrams of the mysterious manner in which milk is elaborated in the udder of the cow. A few simple and clear remarks explained the process of butter making. The development of this class of farming in this Province was urged as being capable of very great profit to farmers. In a few sections co-operative creameries or cheese factories can be made a great success. Towards developing this industry it is the intention of the department at Ottawa to send a dairy inspector to spend most of the next season giving information and practical demonstrations on the best way of making butter and cheese, and as soon as the conditions of farming in this Province require it an experimental dairy station will be established, from which authoritative information can be obtained, and where all who desire to learn will be given every consideration.

FATTENING OF SWINE.

The ease with which the speaker turned from one subject to another, was an interesting point in itself. He next touched upon the fattening of swine, and he remarked that this province is especially suited in its crop-growing capabilities, its climate and its situation, for developing a large pork packing and bacon curing business. The hog is a citizen that is not always to be despised, particularly if he is kept in a clean pen by himself, for there are hogs at large. The professor had had experience with them (laughter). In some experiments made at the farm near Ottawa last winter, information of value in a great many points was brought out. The conclusions of these experiments were that there is no additional profit from the cooking of food for swine. With four pounds of mixed grain, such as can be grown in this province, will yield one pound of gross live weight in swine between the weights of 50 and 200 pounds live weight. From 50 to 75 pounds live weight swine consume the smallest quantity of food per day to the increase of live weight. During a test of over six months it was found that the largest rate of increase for the food consumed was obtained from the second month of feeding.

The other branches of the experimental farm were also briefly touched upon, and in speaking of the branch farm in Agassiz the professor conveyed the regrets of the manager, Mr. Sharp, the urgency of whose duties at this season of the year prevented his being present.

The lecturer closed an intensely interesting discourse by a review of the Dominion's resources and capabilities and showed that British Columbia is the banner province and the chief gem in the crown of this great Dominion.

Mr. Renouf proposed, and Mr. Templeman seconded a vote of thanks to Professor Robertson, and the meeting heartily endorsed the motion.

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REPTILES OF THE PAST.

Degenerate Survivors of Those of the Long Ago.

Monsters Which Walked the Earth and Swam the Seas Ages and Ages Ago —Some Ancient Phenomenal Jumpers and Flyers.

"Reptiles as they are found in the world at the present day are but degenerate survivors of their kind as they existed in epochs long ago," said Prof. Cope to a writer for the Washington Star. "The first reptiles of the world made their appearance at the close of the paleozoic period, when the coal was in process of formation. They were all land animals. Among them there were no flying creatures, no marine swimmers, no gigantic types, and no especially herbivorous kinds.

"At the close of the coal-forming period there occurred a great emergence of land from the water and reptilian life rapidly spread and grew. The reptiles which had previously existed were all of one kind. Their remains are found in this country wherever the deposits in lagoons, lakes and estuaries have been calculated for their preservation. From this point of time, however, began what may appropriately be called the epoch of reptiles. The paleozoic period was brought to a close by a great upheaval, due to contraction of the earth's crust, by which the Alleghanies and the Ural system were uplifted. Then began what is called the 'mesozoic epoch,' during which the reptiles may be said to have run creation. That is to say, they were the highest order of beings at that time alive. What man is now the reptile was then—that is, lord of all existing things. Reptiles walked upon land, navigated the water, flew through the air, and, in short, pursued every avenue of existence that is zoologically conceivable.

"Early in the mesozoic epoch there appeared marine reptiles which, though derived from land species, became more and more aquatic through the necessity of living in water, developing, on that account, swimming organs, etc. Land reptiles also began to develop in huge proportions. Why they grew so big no one knows, but it may have been because they had no rivals in the struggle for existence; they had all they wanted to eat and naturally increased in bulk. At all events, no creatures are known to have ever existed in this world comparable in size to these reptiles of ages ago.

"What the marmals are in the scale of creation to-day the reptiles were in the mesozoic epoch. They swam the seas, climbed trees, and were most phenomenal jumpers. Some of them even flew. While some were herbivorous, living upon plants, others were carnivorous, preserving existence by devouring their vegetable-eating cousins. The vegetarian reptiles were enormous beasts, often as much as seventy feet in length. They afforded food for the carnivorous reptiles, which were smaller than the herbivorous kind, just as lions and tigers nowadays are smaller than oxen. Though bigger the vegetarian creatures usually had no armor nor weapons to defend themselves with. Their most powerful defense was a kick, which, delivered with a hind leg fifteen feet in length, was assuredly not by any means to be despised. The herbivorous reptiles of that epoch were mainly of three descriptions:

"First was the biggest of all animals known to the world from the beginning thereof to the present day. Its name was the 'camarasaurus.' It went on all fours and the vertebræ composing its backbone were hollow—mere shells in fact—filled with warm air from the lungs, just as is the case with the bones of some birds to-day. Undoubtedly it lived in the sea, walking along in water deep enough to cover its back. It fed upon the vegetation along shore and its neck was long and crane-like.

"Other herbivorous reptiles of the same period had enormously long hind legs on which they were able to wade far out into deep water after sea weeds and other food. These animals were particularly extraordinary in point of their dental equipment, inasmuch as each of them had about two thousand grinders to chew with, arranged in magazines of five hundred each, like cartridges.

"Another species of herbivorous reptiles lived upon land, but they were so powerfully armed that they were able to oppose a formidable defense against attack. Some of them had huge horns on their heads like bulls, while others bore similar weapons above their noses, like the rhinoceri of to-day. So well able were they to defend themselves that they lived and multiplied in the same regions with the most ferocious of the carnivorous monsters.

"Thus you will understand that there were three kinds of herbivorous giants in the mesozoic epoch. There was the 'camarasaurus,' which fed neck deep along the seashore, its hollow backbone serving as a float and its solid legs and tail for anchors, next was the kangaroo-like 'hadrosaurus,' which waded out upon its hind legs into deep water in search of food, and finally, there was the dangerous 'agathaumas,' with enormous horns.

"The so-called 'mesozoic epoch' was brought to a close by the cataclysm, due to contraction and consequently crumpling of the earth's crust, which upheaved the Rocky mountains and the Andes on this hemisphere and the Alps, Pyrenees, Balkans and Himalayas on the other side of the world. Incidentally to this tremendous alteration in the face of the earth all these giant reptiles were wiped out of existence. This event opened what is called to-day the 'tertiary epoch.' It is in the tertiary epoch that we live now. At the beginning of this epoch the only reptiles which survived were the snakes, lizards, turtles and crocodiles, all of them resembling closely those of their kind which exist to-day. Of the turtles it may be said that they represent the most ancient type of all vertebrates, resembling closely as they do the reptiles of their kind which existed so far back as the m[illegible]."

TREES HELD TO BE SACRED.

The Date, the Oak, the Ash and the Legends Concerning Them.

The palm, the oak and the ash are, according to a timely and interesting article in the June number of the Deutsche Rundschau, the three trees which, since time immemorial, were held to be sacred trees. The first among them which figures on the oldest monuments and pictures of the Egyptians and Assyrians is the date palm, hometan. Tradition of a later period says that when Adam left Paradise he was allowed to take with him three things—a myrtle, because it was the most lovely and most scented flower on earth; a wheat ear, because it had the most nourishment, and a date, because it was the most glorious fruit of the earth. The date from Paradise was in some marvelous way brought to the Dejaz. From it have come all the date palms in the world, and Allah destined it to be the food of all true believers, who shall conquer every country where the date palm grows.

The oak was always considered a holy tree by our ancestors and, above all, by the nations of the north of Europe. When Winnifred, of Devonshire (680-754 A. D.), went forth on his wanderings through Germany to preach the Gospel one of his first actions was to cut down the giant oak in Saxony, which was dedicated to Thor and worshiped by the people from far and near. But when he had nearly felled the oak and while the people were cursing and threatening the saint a supernatural storm swept over it, seized the summit, broke every branch and dashed it, quasi superni, motus, solaris, with a tremendous crash to the ground. The heathens acknowledged the marvel and many of them were converted there and then. But the saint built a chapel of the wood of this very oak and dedicated it to St. Peter.

The Celts and Germans and Scandinavians, again, worshiped the mountain ash, and it is especially in the religious myths of the latter that the "Askr Yggdrasil" plays a prominent part. To them it was the holiest among trees, the "world tree," which, eternally young and dewy, represented Heaven, earth and hell. According to the Edda the ash Yggdrasil was an evergreen tree. A specimen of it (says Adam, of Bremen,) grew at Upsala, in front of the great temple, and another in Dithmarschen, carefully guarded by a railing, for it was, in a mythical way, connected with the fate of the country. When Dithmarschen lost its liberty the tree withered, but a magpie, one of the best prophesying birds of the North, came and built its nest on the withered tree and hatched five little ones, all perfectly white, as a sign that at some future time the country would regain its former liberty.

A BAVARIAN COTILLON.

The Figures of the Dance Represented the Ascent of a Mountain.

A writer in the National Review gives the following account of a Bavarian cotillon:

It was intended to represent the ascent of the great mountain of the neighborhood, the Zagspitz, which is, in fact, the highest mountain in Germany, being 9,600 feet high.

In the first figure the guides were chosen, the names of the different well-known guides being written on cards and drawn by so many ladies and gentlemen, who danced accordingly.

After the question of guides had been settled, in the next figure they were supposed to have reached the Knorr Hutte, the little hut in which a night has to be passed in order to go over the snow near the summit before the sun has had time to soften the surface. Here a schuhplattl is supposed to be danced. This Schuhplattl is the somewhat singular dance of the country, and is supposed to have its origin in the antics of the black cock when wooing his mate. The woman for the most part w[illegible]s quietly and gracefully around, followed by the men cutting all sorts of capers to attract her attention and ingratiate himself in her favor, keeping time with resounding claps of his hands on his short leathern breeches and with his feet.

With the third figure the summit of the mountain is supposed to be reached, and luncheon has to be partaken of. A basket containing what is usually taken on such occasions, was handed round, and the contents given to an equal number of ladies and gentlemen, who danced accordingly. Ham danced with bread, pepper with salt, sausage with wine, each carrying the articles supposed to be represented in the hand, one young lady having to carry round in the waltz a large bottle of wine.

In the next figure they were supposed to have reached a certain glacier, where there is often a great deal of snow. For this snow-shoes were produced, and all who know what they are will appreciate the difficulty of trying to waltz with the large, flat surface strapped to the sole of the foot.

Finally they were supposed to reach a village where a shooting fete is taking place, and the last figure consisted in the ladies all trying their skill in shooting with a rifle at a target, flags being given for prizes.

A Disproved Theory.

It has been thought that lightning could not strike a train. The theory has received a complete contradiction. At Dischau, Prussia, an express train running at the rate of sixty kilometers per hour into the station broke down the buffing apparatus, ran into the interior facade of the station, and broke up against a neighboring house. An investigation established that the accident is to be attributed to the effect of lightning, which fell upon the train.

Baboo English.

One man during an examination, writes Lady Dufferin, was told to write an essay upon the horse, which he did in the following brief terms: "The horse is a very noble animal, but when irritated he ceases to do so." Another had to write upon the difference between riches and poverty, and he ended by saying: "In short, the rich man welters in crimson velvet, while the poor man snorts on [illegible]."

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2. To purchase, or to take under any concession, lease, or in exchange, to hire, or otherwise acquire, settle, improve, farm and cultivate lands of any tenure, franchises, and hereditaments situate in the Dominion of Canada, the United States of America, or elsewhere, and any mines, minerals ships, steamboats, barges and other vessels, engines, railway waggons, tanks, reservoirs, manufacturing plant, apparatus, and stock-in-trade, and any other real and personal property of whatever description (including any rights or privileges), whether the same be unencumbered or subject to any mortgage, charge, lien, easements, privileges, licenses, concessions, or otherwise, and to develop and turn to account the resources of the lands, buildings, water, and other rights, and all other properties for the time being belonging to the Company in such manner as the Company may think fit, and in particular by building any kind of structure thereupon, planting, ploughing, clearing, mining, quarrying, excavating, road-making, damming, draining, fencing, grazing, farming, and otherwise dealing with and working the same, and to stock lands and farms, and to breed, grow, and deal in all kinds of stock, cattle, horses, sheep, and produce, and to erect and maintain therefor suitable buildings and structures, including slaughtering refrigerating, and converting establishments.

3 To carry on the business of farmers, graziers, agisters, cattle, sheep, and horse breeders and dealers, meat and fruit preservers, millers, bakers, brewers, planters, miners, metallurgists, smelters, quarry owners, brick makers, builders, contractors, for works, both public and private, wool and other merchants, store-keepers, importers and exporters, ship-builders, ship-owners, and any other business which may seem calculated, directly or indirectly, to develop the Company's property, or any part thereof, or which may conveniently be carried on in connection with any other business of the Company.

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5. To aid, encourage, and promote immigration, emigration, colonization, and settlement, and for such purposes to lend and grant any sums of money, and to act as agents therefor, and to build, lay out, settle, colonize and develop towns and villages on the lands acquired or controlled by the Company from time to time.

6. To search for, prospect, examine and explore mines and grounds supposed to contain minerals or precious stones, and to search for and obtain information in regard to mines, to purchase, locate, or otherwise acquire, and to sell, dispose of, and deal with mines and mining rights of all kinds, and to work, create, exercise, develop, and turn to account mines and mining rights, and any undertakings connected therewith.

7. To advance money at interest to any person or corporation on the security of freehold and leasehold land, stock, stations, wool, cattle, produce, crops, shares, securities, merchandise, and other property in the Dominion of Canada, the United States of America, or elsewhere, and generally to lend and advance money to such persons, and upon such terms, and subject to such conditions as may seem expedient, and to buy, manufacture, deal in, and sell all kinds of goods, chattels, merchandise, produce, and effects.

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9. To establish and subsidise any institution, club, or conveniences for the benefit of the Company's employees, and of any tenants or other persons in whose welfare the Company is interested, and to provide for their religious, sanitary, social, and educational welfare, and to grant money for these purposes or any of them.

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12. To obtain any provisional order, or Act of Parliament, or legislative provision, decree, or order of any colony, Government, body, or authority to incorporate the members as a body politic or corporate, in accordance with the laws and constitution of any country or state in which the Company shall be carrying on, or be desirous of carrying on, any of its operations, and to take all steps and do all things necessary to give the Company, or any company subsidiary thereto, a legal domicile in any such country or state, and such legislative powers as will facilitate the carrying into effect of the objects of the Company therein.

13. To borrow and raise money for the purposes of the Company in such manner and upon such terms as the Company shall think fit, and to secure the repayment thereof by bonds or debentures, or by redeemable or unredeemable debenture stock (such bonds, debentures, and debenture stock being to bearer or otherwise), or by any other instruments, or by deposit, receipts, bills of exchange, or promissory notes, or in such other manner as may be determined, and for any such purposes, if so agreed, to charge all or any part of the property of the Company (both present and future) including the uncalled capital.

14. To transact all manner of agency and commission business, and in particular to act as agents for any person or company in the purchase, sale, improvement, or management in any way of any lands, farms, cattle, stock, or other property in the Dominion of Canada, the United States of America, or elsewhere, where the company may for the time then being be carrying on business, and to carry on the business of general, commercial, mercantile, shipping, or forwarding agents, or agents for any railway, steamship, or other company.

15. To lend or advance money to such persons on such terms as may seem expedient, and in particular to customers of and persons having dealings with the Company, and to guarantee the performance of contracts by members of or persons having dealings with the Company.

16. To invest and deal with the moneys of the Company not immediately required upon such securities and in such manner, as may from time to time be determined, but not in the purchasing of or dealing in the shares of the Company.

17. To make, draw, accept, indorse, discount and execute promissory notes, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments.

18. To promote any other company for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property, rights, and liabilities of the Company, or for any other purpose which may seem, directly or indirectly, calculated to benefit this Company.

19. To sell, dispose of by sale, lease, underlease, exchange, surrender, mortgage, or otherwise absolutely, conditionally, or for any limited interest, all or any part of the undertaking, property, rights, or privileges of the Company as a going concern, or otherwise, to any public body, company, society, or association, or to any person or persons, and in particular to any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this Company, and to accept as the consideration, or part of the consideration, for such disposal money, stock, shares, debentures, or other securities, either for distribution in specie among the members, or otherwise.

20. To use, work, develop, grant licenses and otherwise make profits by dealing with and turning to account all or any part of the undertaking and property of the Company, and for this purpose to determine how much of the proceeds of sale or realization thereof is to be deemed capital, and how much profit, and to distribute any such profits amongst the members in specie or otherwise.

21. To accept payment for the Company, credited as fully or partly paid up, as the whole or part of the purchase price for any property purchased by the Company, or for any valuable consideration.

22. To remunerate any person or persons for services rendered, or to be rendered, in placing, or guaranteeing the placing, of any shares or securities of the Company, or in relation to the establishment of the Company, or the conduct of its business, and to apply and appropriate such part of the capital of the Company as may be expedient to the payment of such brokerage, discounts, or other expenses as may be deemed incidental to the formation and promotion of the Company, and the placing of its shares and debentures, or any part thereof.

23. To do all or any of the above things as principals, agents, contractors, trustees, or otherwise, and by or through trustees, agents, or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others, and to contract for the carrying on of the operations connected with the Company's business, or any of them, by any person, company, or other association.

24. To carry out the objects comprised in each paragraph of this clause in as full and ample a manner, and construed in as wide a a sense as they would be construed if each paragraph of this clause defined the objects of a separate, distinct, and independent company, and so that such objects shall not, except where otherwise expressed in such paragraph, be restricted by reference to the objects indicated in any other paragraph.

25. To do all such other things as in fact are, or as the company shall consider to be, incidental or conducive to the above objects, or any of them, and so that the word "company" in this memorandum, except where used in reference to this company, shall be deemed to include any partnership or other body of persons, whether incorporated or not incorporated, and wherever domiciled.

The amount of the capital stock of the said company is £100,000, divided into 100 founders shares of £1 each, and 9900 ordinary shares of £10 each.

The place of business of the said company is located at the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia.

In testimony whereof, I have hereto set my hand and affixed my seal of office, this 30th day of June, 1891, at the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.
July 16-1m.

EXAMINE THIS

List of fine property, among which may be found bottom prices for the close buyer, good investments for the speculator and choice residential sites for the builder.

NEW SUBDIVISION--JUST ON THE MARKET.

That fine piece of property on the Saanich Road, a few minutes' walk from the tram car, known as the Speed Homestead, has been subdivided into 36 full size lots, ranging in price from $600 to $800 for corners. Terms easy.

40 Acres Carey Road, nice land, 2½ miles from city, per acre	$ 200
25 Acres Carey Road, all cleared	300
Lot Fourth Street, Work Estate	650
Lot Garbally Road	750
Lot Dunedin Street	700
3 Fine Lots Langford Street, Victoria West	750
Nice House and Lot Pioneer Street	3,000
House and Lot on Cook Street, rents for $41 per month	4,000
House, 7 rooms, Victoria West	2,800
2 Corner Lots James Bay, each	750
Lot Douglas Street	2,200
½ Lot Broad Street, cheap.	
1 Acre Belcher Street	2,550
Fine Corner Douglas Street	22,000
3 Houses, 3 Lots, Frederick Street	10,000
2 Lots, fine corner, James Bay	2,500

Several nice Cottages to rent.

Interest and Rents Collected.
Conveyancing Carefully Attended to.

F. G. RICHARDS, Jr.,
51 Yates Street, Victoria, B.C.,
REAL ESTATE AGENT AND NOTARY PUBLIC.

The Merchant Princes

Owe more of their success and vast accumulations to their Real Estate investments than they do to the purchase and sale of merchandise.

Invest judiciously in real estate and after a few years you can sit at your desk and, like a Merchant Prince write your cheque for thousands.

Property well selected is half sold. We submit the best selections that are on the market. Our clients have all made handsome profits without exception. Our subdivision on King's Road, next block to the Public School, is sure to grow in value. The terms are so easy that any workingman can handle it. Our list of other properties is among the best, any of which we will make the terms to suit purchasers.

Take the lesson of the Merchant Prince to yourself. Call on

T. G. RAYNER,
Real Estate and Financial Agent,
Bank Building, Trounce Avenue.

OUR OTTAWA LETTER.

THE GOVERNMENT'S MAJORITY IS STILL TUMBLING.

Grave Scandals Confessed to Have Been Rife But the Tories Continue to Vote Together For the Sake of the Spoils of Office.

From Our Own Correspondent.]

OTTAWA, Aug. 3.—The division on the budget has been taken, and the Government has been sustained by a majority of 26. When Mr. Foster made his financial statement—and here it may be admitted that it was one of the most practical utterances that has been made in that respect ever since the Tories have been in power, since 1878, looking at the speech from a Conservative standpoint—Sir Richard Cartwright moved in amendment a resolution, "That the situation of the country requires that the Government should forthwith reduce all duties on articles of prime necessity, and more particularly on those most generally consumed by artisans, miners, fishermen and farmers; and further, that the negotiations which the House has been informed are to be open at Washington in October next should be conducted upon the basis of the most extended reciprocal freedom of trade between Canada and the United States, in manufactured as well as natural products."

Mr. Foster asked Sir Richard to allow the House to go into committee to pass certain resolutions on the evening of the budget being delivered, so that the Government might not be defrauded out of any public revenues through the changes in the tariff. This was a very reasonable request, and one which the ex-Finance Minister readily complied with, on the understanding, of course, that when the vote was taken on the amendment, which was virtually a resolution, it would be a straight vote without any amendments, so that there would be no probability of barking the question. It is unnecessary to say to TIMES readers that on all votes to go into supply an amendment cannot be burked by means of moving other amendments. In other words, only a straight vote on the question is in order. To illustrate Mr. Foster's liberal ideas in such arrangements, it may be mentioned that later on he and others agreed to an amendment from Mr. Desjardins, of L'Islet, to Sir Richard's resolution." The open protest of such independent Conservatives as Col. Kirkpatrick and Col. Ouimet were successful in bringing to time Mr. Foster and the so-called independent Minister of Justice, Sir John Thompson. To be brief, Mr. Desjardins was compelled to withdraw his amendment, and a straight vote was taken on the main resolution.

DWINDLING DOWNWARDS.

From the nature of the resolution it was to be expected that not only a smaller majority would be obtained for the Government but that the opinions of those who favor freer trade relations with the United States would have, in the end prevailed. When it is remembered that a majority of the members elected at the last general elections was for reciprocity, it may appear wonderful why the vote did not show that such was the case. The fact of the matter is that the Government have come to the conclusion that they must, if they are going to remain for this session alone in power, have their supporters vote steadily together no matter what the question may be. Self-preservation is with them the first law of nature. They have made up their minds to this fact, and the only thing that can bring about a disruption is the Sir Hector Langevin case. To save themselves from instant defeat they have got to vote for him; and to support him in his boodling iniquities means ultimate defeat. The lovers of Conservative rule can accept either horn of the dilemma. At any rate from a boasted majority of 31, claimed by the smaller organs, to 133 by the more daring advocates of Tory rule, at the opening of the session, the majority of the Government has dwindled to 26. It has been lower than this, but giving them all benefit for the little energy and united feeling that exists in the Tory party, this is the best that can be said of them.

ABSENCES AND PAIRS.

Every Conservative member of the House was either paired or noted on that division. It cannot be said, as it has been frequently circulated during the present session, that pairs were refused. Sir Donald Smith and Mr. Dalton McCarthy were both in England, and to give them pairs, seeing they had to go anyway, and that they were deserting the duties for which they were elected so as to attend to their own private business, was a foolish thing. Nevertheless they got them. Mr. Barnard of British Columbia, was called home on business, and he also got a pair. Messrs. Savard and Tarte were among the absentees, and had they been present the majority would have been reduced to 24. At all events, let the Government accept whatever comfort they can from such a majority, and it will seem like extracting sunbeams from cucumbers.

THE COUNTRY WILL DECIDE.

However, my own belief is that the perilous position of the boodlers and their friends will make them all hang together, and that defeat will not overtake them until the country has an opportunity of expressing its opinion on the subject through the bye-elections. If such be the correct idea of the true state of affairs, the bye-elections will go solid, or almost so, for the Liberal party. The enormous scandals which have been held up to the public gaze day after day must have taken root in the minds of the free and independent electorate of this country, and having done so there can be only one outcome and that is the termination for Tory rule. Let us hope that for the good name of Canada and for the prosperity of its people that such is the case.

DEPARTMENTAL SCANDALS.

In local circles the exposing of so many scandals in the various departments has attracted attention from boodlers in higher places. But this can only exist for the present. Before these boodling schemes are exhausted it will be satisfactorily shown that there is scarcely one of the Ministers of the Crown who is not besmirched with these secret transactions of malfeasance and maladministration, or, to be more accurate, gross dishonesty and prostitution of the positions for which they were elected.

CONTEMPLATED REORGANIZATION

With Langevin, Dewdney, Caron, Costigan, Haggart, Tupper and Bowell eliminated there will not be a great deal of the Ministry left, and the reconstruction will have to be pretty thorough. As it is coming now, it is said Mr. Wood, of Westmorland, will succeed Costigan, and that Mr. Kenny, of Halifax, will take Tupper's place. Mr. Kirkpatrick is spoken of for the Department of Public Works, and Mr. Ouimet for the Militia Department. Clark Wallace and Mr. Cockburn, of Toronto, are both anxious to fill Mr. Bowell's political shoes, but both cannot be accommodated. Mr. Ives is pressing his claims for a portfolio as the representative of the Eastern Townships, and in order that room may be found for him in the Cabinet he is said to insist that Mr. Abbott shall be content with the Premiership without a portfolio. It is also said that Hon. Frank Smith is coming to be regarded as a fifth wheel to a coach, and consequently there will be no room for him in a reconstructed Government. That may again convince him that "things are not going right."

THE LANGEVIN FUND.

The following is a list of those who subscribed to the Langevin testimonial, which has been supplied by the treasurer, Mr. Noel, manager of the Quebec Bank:—Cash, $100; Goodwin, $1000; Davis & Sons, $500; Wm. Smith, $500; Lemoine, $25; Ryan, $100; Staines, $500; Chanteloup, $100; Allan, $100; Cash, $10; Cash (small sums), $40; Cochrane, $500; Oswald, $50; Magee, $500; Coghlin, $25; Sault, $25; Nelson, $272; Hickson, $250; Foote, $100; Hogan, $25; Cash (small sums), $50; Macdonald, $50; Cash, $500; Hamilton Bros., $500; Schultz, $200; Murray, $500; N. F. Davin, $50; Ferguson, $25; Douglas, $25; P. Mitchell, $100; Cash, $50; Cash, $1000; Dunsmuir (Victoria), $250; Clarke, $100; Woodworth, $25; Robertson, $100; Fuller, $100; Armstrong, $100; Dielle, $100; Graveley, $100; Decelles, $100; Cash, $40; Friend, $25; Cash, $50; Goodwin (again), $500; John Rochester, $200; Ginty, $100; Beemer, $100; H. Buimer, $100; J. Simard, $100; A. W. Ogilvy, $100; E. Murphy, $100; J. L. Beaudry, $100; Lacoste & Globensky, $150; A. Raize, $50; Cash, $100; Senecal, $1000; Langevin, $100; Rogers & Kelly, $100; Onderdonk, $505; Beaty, $20; Desmond, $35; Perreault, $20; Taibault, $100; Patterson (Essex), 202; cash, $200; Gordon, 200; McNutt, $30; Ives & Co., $200; Clark, $100; Howe, $50; Senecal, Prefontaine, $100; Dow & Son, G. Scott, $50; cash, $50; J. A. Grant, $50; Lincolnes McN & Co., $50; cash, $25; Chapleau, $100; Carriere, $1640; D. O'Connor, $100; H.V.N. (Mr. Noel no doubt), $95; Hamet, $600; McGreevy (collected in Quebec), $1800; Robitaille, $250; Harper, $10; Foote (again), $250; Askwith, $60; Booth, $1000; Chabot, $50; Martin, $100; Cook & Sons, $400; Caines & Sons (amount not given); A. Cote, $1100; cash, $100; total, $22,731.

SLABTOWN.

Can Not Compete.

Miss Maud Grant, of Mountain, Ont., writes: "I can recommend Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry for summer complaints and diarrhœa. There is nothing to compete with it, as it succeeds even in the severest cases."

Read Erskine's add on fine shoes. *

Hood's Sarsaparilla

is a concentrated extract of Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Pipsissewa, Juniper Berries, Mandrake, Dandelion, and other valuable vegetable remedies, every ingredient being strictly pure, and the best of its kind it is possible to buy.

It is prepared by thoroughly competent pharmacists, in the most careful manner, by a peculiar Combination, Proportion and Process, giving to it curative power

Peculiar To Itself,

It will cure, when in the power of medicine, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Blood Poisoning, Cancerous and all other Humors, Malaria, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Catarrh, Rheumatism, and all difficulties with the Liver and Kidneys.

It overcomes That Tired Feeling, Creates an Appetite, and gives mental, nerve, bodily, and digestive strength. The value of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is certified to by thousands of voluntary witnesses all over the country whom it has cured of diseases more or less severe. It is sold by all druggists, $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

N. B. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any other.

100 Doses One Dollar

THE KEY TO HEALTH.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

Unlocks all the clogged avenues of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humors of the secretions; at the same time Correcting Acidity of the Stomach, curing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Fluttering of the Heart, Nervousness, and General Debility; all these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

For Sale by all Dealers.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto.

GILLETT'S PURE POWDERED 100% LYE

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap, Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 20 pounds Sal Soda.

Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.

E. W. GILLETT, Toronto.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCURSION —TO— SEATTLE —ON— THURSDAY, 13th. AUG. 13th.

In aid of the funds of the Provincial ROYAL JUBILEE HOSPITAL

Under the auspices of the LADIES' AUXILIARY COMMITTEE.

The fast and commodious SS. "YOSEMITE"

Will leave the C.P.N. Co. wharf at 8 o'clock, a.m., returning at 11 p.m.

FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP, $2.00.

Children under 12 years half price.

Lunch and Ice Cream on Board. A splendid Brass Band will accompany the excursionists. Tickets can be obtained from any member of the Committee or Band.

au10 H. M. YATES, Secretary.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

Thursday, Aug. 13, 1891.

Mr. William J. Gilmore's GRAND SPECTACULAR TRIUMPH

THE TWELVE TEMPTATIONS

The Scenery by Getz, Merry and Reid. Costumes by Baishe of London. Properties by Hasson & Co., London. Company comprising 68 people. Famous Premiers. Astounding Specialties.

The Grand European Ballet Troupe —IN— "The Policeman and the Flirts," "The Ballet of Live Cockatoos," "The Ballet of the Nations."

ORIGINAL MUSIC, MARCHES, AND THE

GRANDEST MIS EN SCENE EVER CONSTRUCTED.

Seats at Wall's. au10 Usual prices.

THE B.C. HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY —AND— FRUIT GROWERS' ASSOCIATION.

The annual Exhibition will be held in THE ASSEMBLY ROOMS —ON— TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 11th & 12th.

Exhibition of Flowers, Fruits and Vegetables.

Catalogues and entry forms can be obtained from A. H. B. MACGOWAN, Secretary, Vancouver and W. H. RAINBRIDGE, Local Sec'y, Victoria, B.C.

jy29

SAME AS LAST YEAR.

$15,000.00 11th ANNUAL St. Leger Sweep

EQUALLY DIVIDED AMONGST STARTERS of 15 start, $600 each, $9,000. EQUALLY DIVIDED AMONGST NON-STARTERS, $6,000.

NOTE—No special Prizes for 1st, 2nd and 3rd

Three Thousand Tickets at $5 each.

GUARANTEED TO FILL.

Drawing, Monday, Sept. 7; Race, Sept. 9.

Result of Drawing mailed to all Subscribers outside of Montreal.

R. H. BRAND, au31 Billiard Room Windsor Hotel, Montreal.

THE B.C. Agricultural Association

Will hold their ANNUAL EXHIBITION In their new building, at The Driving Park, Victoria, B.C. —ON— SEPT. 29 and 30, OCT. 1, 2 and 3.

SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS

EXTENSIVE PRIZE LIST.

Northwest Firemen's Association Tournament.

HORSE RACING. FIREWORKS. SPORTS OF ALL KINDS.

au8 td

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., Ld.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.),

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL (Used principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes). | THE SOUTH FIELD COAL (Steam Fuel).

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL (House and Steam Coal) are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, a high Illuminating Power, unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the Leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite fuel for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal, makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS, Superintendent.

Dec.30.

Victoria Collegiate SCHOOL.

103 GOVERNMENT STREET.

PRINCIPAL—REV. I. B. PEGG, Greek Honorsman, 1st Lat. Technology, Sc. Dip. Late School of Mines, and F. C. Sc. and Lit. London, etc.

DAY PUPILS.....$8 per month
EVENING PUPILS..$5 per month

Adult Students can take Special Subjects

ECONOMISE! HOW? PENDRAY'S SOAP

Makes economy possible and dispels the toilsome condition of all day rubbing and scrubbing of the past. We ask you to give PENDRAY'S SOAP a fair trial. Once make the experiment; you will be benefitted in every way.

PENDRAY'S CARBOLIC SOAP

Protects from Measles and all Fevers. A Luxury for the Bath. Invaluable in the Nursery. Promotes Healthy Action of the Skin.

Sold by all Grocers.

REMOVED.

H. G. WATERSON, JOB PRINTER

Office over Erskine's Shoe Store. GOVERNMENT STREET. au17-tf

MRS. McGREGOR, MID-WIFE

Has Diploma from the University of Edinburgh.

RESIDENCE: Corner Douglas and Cormorant Streets. feb8tf

VICTORIA RICE MILLS

Store street, Victoria, B.C.

Millers of China and Japan Rice

RICE MEAL,

Rice Flour, Chit Rice, Etc.

VICTORIA ROLLER FLOUR MILL

Delta Brand Family Flour, Superfine Flour Bran and Shorts

No. 64 & 66 Store St. Victoria.

FOR SALE.

Lot 202 Wharf Street and Lots 200 and 204 Wharf and Bastion Streets, with the brick buildings thereon.

Tenders, for cash only, received by Drake, Jackson & Helmcken up to the 12th instant. au8-td

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

Until further notice the Saanich Road, from Market Street to Garbally Road, is closed to traffic. JOHN GRANT, Mayor.

July 18, 1891.

NEW JAPANESE GOODS

Just received

A large consignment, direct from Japan. The finest lot of Japanese goods in the city.

ROKUBAN CO.

150 GOVERNMENT ST.

R'Y WOOD YARD.

For Sixty Days from date we will sell first-class Cordwood at

$4.00, C.O.D.

Office 68 Yates street, and in the Railway Yard. Telephones 415 and 466.

W. A. BISSETT, Agent.

jy15-1m

G. A. McTAVISH

Has now on exhibition at his greenhouses, Park Road,

SEVENTY-FIVE VARIETIES

Of the best and newest ENGLISH AND FRENCH

PELARGONIUMS

These are now a blaze of lovely colors well worth a visit.

COME AND SEE THEM

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

TO OUR PATRONS—The Victoria Electric Company purpose immediately entering upon an extension of their works by the erection of a new and commodious plant house and plant of large capacity, capable of accommodating the ever-increasing demand.

The new station will be located on Constance street, where, aided by superior facilities for the production of Light, Power, etc., combined with large output, they will be able to offer even better service, at a very materially reduced cost to consumers.

Pending the completion of these works every effort will be made to continue the present reliable service, and to deal with patrons fairly. Any believing, however, that they have a grievance are invited to have the difficulty adjusted by presentation to the undersigned. LOUIS REDON, President.

JNO. T. PIERRE, MERCHANT TAILOR AND DYER,

Has removed to his new block, Douglas Street, two doors south of City Hall.

au4-tf

FOR SALE ON THE FRASER RIVER, 160 ACRES.

Good land, in Township 14, New Westminster District. For further particulars apply to D. W. SUTHERLAND, Mt. Lehman, B.C.

jy13-tf

TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS ARE REQUIRED for excavating for cellars on Douglas Street, by 5 p.m. of Wednesday, August 5th. Particulars to be obtained at the offices of the undersigned. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

CORNELIUS J. SOULE, Architect, Turner Block. jy17-1m

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE undersigned up to Saturday, August 15th inst., at noon, for the erection of the new Driard Hotel.

Plans may be seen after Tuesday, 4th.

Lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN TEAGUE, Architect. jy8

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED TILL THURSDAY 13th instant, for hauling away a large heap of stones from my residence, 30 Yates street, distance to be hauled about 1200 feet. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

A. DECOSMOS. au13-4t

NEW WELLINGTON COAL

This Coal, mined by The New Vancouver Coal Company by UNION LABOR only, is supplied by the following Coal Merchants, at current rates:

The Victoria Coal, Wood & Lumber Yard.

Charles Rattray, Janion's Wharf.

Rock Bay Coal Yard.

Central Coal Yard.

"Nanaimo" Coal can be obtained from W. T. Drake.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS, Superintendent. dec30

NOTICE.

From and after this date Moss street is closed, from Fairfield road to Dallas road, pending putting in sewer.

A. J. SMITH, Chairman Street Committee.

June 27, 1891.

B.C. POTTERY AND TERRA COTTA CO. (Limited).

Authorized Capital, $60,000

OFFICE 61 YATES STREET (Upstairs)

WORKS, CONSTANCE COVE ROAD,

MANUFACTURERS OF Vitrified Sewer Pipe, Agricultural Drain Tile, Terra Cotta Ware, Chimney Tiles and Tops, Flower Pots, Etc.

Ornamental Work for Buildings A SPECIALTY.

Nov13-3m

MUNN & CO. SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN AGENCY for PATENTS

A pamphlet of information and abstract of the laws, showing How to Obtain Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, and how to Address MUNN & CO. 361 Broadway, New York.

C. B. LOCKART & CO., Funeral Directors and Embalmers.

PARLORS: Corner of Broughton street and Trounce Avenue. au13

JOS. BAYLEY, AUCTIONEER, Appraiser and Valuer.

Cash advanced on all consignments, from to $10,000.

Office—Trentham Hotel, Esquimalt Road.

WING ON, Pioneer Grocer and Provision Dealer

INTELLIGENCE BUREAU

All Kinds of Chinese Help Furnished.

20 Cormorant Street, Victoria, B.C.

THE

VANCOUVER ISLAND LAND & INVESTMENT CO.

(Late Bourchier, Croft & Mallette)

The Leading Real Estate Brokers of Victoria, B.C.

TO DEPOSITORS

The British Columbia Land & Investment Agency, Ld.

(SUCCESSORS TO ALLSOP & MASON.)

In view of the low rate of interest given by the Dominion Savings Bank Department, and the restrictions imposed as to the amount to be deposited, this Company is now prepared to receive money on deposit, in large or small amounts, at interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and on favorable terms as to notice, etc.

The offices of the Company have been removed to 40 Government street, the premises lately occupied by the Telegraph Company.

Dec. 26

PAGE & MacGREGOR'S REALTY EXCHANGE

18--Trounce Avenue--18

READ OUR SPECIAL LIST.

$625—Will buy lot on Jubilee avenue, open front, $125 cash, balance in one and two years at 6 per cent.

$1250—For 5 large lots Tennyson St., Clover Gale Estate, easy terms. See P. & M.

$850—Will purchase that large lot on Oak Bay Ave. Must be sold to close an estate. See P. & M.

$3750—You can own this corner Douglas and Jubilee avenue, with panel fence on. See P. & M.

$400—What's the matter with this? Large lot on Fort street car line, with city water being laid on.

$600—Each, will secure the last two vacant lots in Rockwood Park. Terms, one third cash, balance in 18 equal monthly payments with interest. See P. & M.

$20—Will secure a nice lot in Fairfield Estate. Terms, $5 cash, balance $5 monthly. See P. & M.

$1050—Half cash, will secure lot on Harriet St., Fairfield Estate. See P. & M.

$20—Per month, with interest, will pay for a nice 4 room house in this city. See P. & M.

$750—Lot on Michigan St., close to Government buildings. Half cash; balance 12 months. See P. & M.

$1200—House, 5 rooms and brackets, Victoria West. One-third cash; balance 12 months. Call on P. & M.

In fact, if you require a House, or Lot, in any part of the city

FIRST call on P. & M.

As they have many bargains to offer at present prices. Nothing but the best handled by P. & M.

Money to Loan, Houses to Rent, Rents Collected and Conveyancing weekly and carefully done. All business left with us will receive prompt attention.

PAGE & MacGREGOR,

18 TROUNCE AVENUE,

Notaries Public, Real Estate and Insurance Agents.

Dominion Building and Loan Association

Of Toronto (capital $10,000,000).

J. W. Wilmott, who speaks can be seen at the above address, from whom full information can be obtained as to the working of this Association.

AT THE ARGYLE HOUSE

You will find some special lines in French

CORSETS

Long-waisted, at

$1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2, $2.50, $2.75.

SUMMER GOODS

At your own prices.

Argyle House

Clarence Hotel Block,

83 DOUGLAS ST.

WM. O'REILLY & CO.

Store closes at 6, excepting Saturdays.

A COOL CALCULATOR

can easily tell what the result will be if 2 and 2 are added. He can also tell, if he sets his logic machine working, what will be the result if a merchant has more summer goods than he wants. Goods must go. If they have not moved rapidly enough at old prices, new prices must be made which will move them. Hence

THE MAGIC OF FIGURES.

By putting them low enough they will move our big stock of perfectly seasonable goods, and we have put them so low that profit is

A CIPHER.

But if we can turn these goods into ready money we don't care for profit. Therefore

WE SIGH FOR

your trade, and are offering inducements which we think will get it.

Men's $10 Suits	Reduced to	$5.00
" $8.50 "	"	4.25
" $7.50 "	"	3.75
" $7.00 "	"	3.50
Youths' $10 Suits	"	5.00
" $7 "	"	3.50
Boys' $4 Suits	"	2.00
Men's Regatta $1.50 Shirts	"	75
" Oxford $1.00 "	"	50
" Print 75 cent "	"	40

CAMERON,

The Cash Clothier,

55 JOHNSON STREET.

HOUSES, STORES, OFFICES

TO LET OR LEASE.

House, 7 rooms, Bellot street, at $22.50 per month.

House, 6 rooms, Parry street, James Bay, at $25 per month.

House, 8 rooms, Chatham street, at $27.50 per month.

House, 8 rooms, on Tram line, at $25 per month.

House, 10 rooms, Quadra street, at $35 per month.

~~House, Milne street, at $8 per month~~

~~New Hotel, 80 rooms.~~

Large Store, Douglas street.

Offices and Lodge Rooms in the Williams Block.

Hotel Business at Enderby for sale.

Rents Collected and Insurance Effected

Money Loaned, and Conveyancing carefully attended to.

—AGENTS FOR—

Oak Bay and Strawberryvale

—LANDS.—

Crane, McGregor & Boggs

30 BROAD STREET.

LADIES, ATTENTION!

SEE THE NEW GOODS

CLOTH TOP IN LACE BUTTON AND OXFORD

These are unquestionably the finest goods in British Columbia to-day, at

ERSKINE'S BOOT & SHOE EMPORIUM

132 Government Street, corner Johnson.

WEATHER REPORT.

VICTORIA, B. C., August 11, 1891.
Corrected by Mr. F. C. Gamble, C. E.

Time	Ther'ter	Bar.	Wind.		Remarks.
1 p.m	65.0	30.02	SW by W		Clear
8 p.m	74.0	30.00	S by W		Fair
10 p.m	60.0	29.96			Clear
5 a.m	58.0	30.07	SW		Fair
1 p.m	62.0	30.11	S SE		Clear

Temperature—Highest, 75; lowest, 56.

TIDE RECORD—VICTORIA HARBOR, B.C.

For 24 hours ending 1 p.m. Aug 11, 1891.
Datum—Ordinary low water Spring tides.
Lowest water observed 1.5 below datum, Jan. 10 and 11, 1891.
Highest, 10.16 above datum, Dec. 25, 1890.

MONDAY, Aug. 10.				TUESDAY, Aug. 11.			
H.M.	Tide ft above datum.	H.M.	Tide ft above datum.	H.M.	Tide ft above datum.	H.M.	Tide ft above datum.
1	4.08	8	7.50	1	4.92	8	5.16
2	4.66	9	7.33	2	4.83	9	5.08
3	5.16	10	6.75	3	4.75	10	4.92
4	5.16	11	6.00	4	4.75	11	4.75
5	6.75	12	5.42	5	5.00	12	4.75
6	7.33			6	5.08	1	4.75
7	7.50			7	5.16		

PERSONAL.

Movements of Well Known People in Various Directions.

A. Lewis has returned from San Francisco.

Mrs. D. W. Morrow is visiting friends in Seattle.

Thos. Earle, M.P., passed through Winnipeg yesterday on his way home.

Alex. McIntyre, a wealthy Winnipeg citizen, returned from San Francisco to-day on the Umatilla.

W. T. Slavin and bride, of Kamloops, arrived in the city yesterday, on their way home from Portland.

McKenzie Munro, who accompanied his wife's remains to San Francisco for interment, returned on the Umatilla to-day.

Mrs. Robert Croft and family, of Seattle, who have been visiting Mrs. J. W. Williams for a few weeks, have returned home.

Mrs. Frank Sears left by the City of Kingston last evening for Seattle, and while there will be the guest of ex-Senator Wood and wife.

Miss Sweeny, grand president of the Young Ladies' Institute, to whose coming reference was made some days ago, arrived last evening. Miss Sweeny will institute a branch of the society here.

Rev. Percival Jenns left Sunday night to seek a well-earned rest at Banff. He will be absent a couple of weeks, and in the interval proper provision has been made for the pulpit of St. John's.

Professor J. W. Robertson, Dominion Dairy Commissioner, left by this morning's Islander for Vancouver, where he will lecture this evening. On his first trip here Mr. Robertson made many friends; the number has been swollen to a small army on this occasion, and all will welcome him whenever he returns.

BRIEF LOCALS.

One Day's Doings in City and Province Briefly Related.

Cheap farms at Lee & Fraser's, No. 11 Trounce avenue.

For good value in cook stoves call on McLennan & McFeely.

If you want the finest dress suit, call on Simpkins & Simpson, 86 Government street.

Folding camp chairs, lawn settees hammocks, lunch baskets in great variety at Weiler Bros.

New Westminster is considering bids for a fire alarm system. It is probable the Gamewell system will be chosen.

Mackerel, Codfish, Salt Salmon, Red Herrings, in this day. R. H. Jameson, 33 Fort street.

Nectarines, Apricots, Peaches, Grapes, Bananas, Tomatoes, and Sweet Potatoes, at R.H. Jameson's, 33 Fort street.

Accurate dispenser in attendance at all hours. C. H. Bowes & Co., druggists, cor. Store and Johnson streets.

If you want your horse, harness, buggy or phaeton to have special care, send them to the Club stable, telephone 495.

The musical and dramatic entertainment in behalf of the Cedar Hill Church building fund is fixed for the evening of the 3rd of September.

People say the Dominion Hotel is the place for a 25 cent meal. Twenty-one meal tickets for $4.50.

To exchange houses for vacant lots, at No. 9, Trounce avenue, Young, Bartlett & Co. Will build houses after your own plans on the instalment plan.

Another large consignment of those extra value men's $2.50 laced and Congress shoes; also $2.00 Oxford, just received at the One Price Cash House of Carmichael & Paterson, 35 Johnson street.

A brick fell yesterday from the top of Lewis' building, and struck the sidewalk close to a lady who was passing at the moment. It was a close call, for had the brick struck the lady on the head the result might have been very serious. The sidewalk in front of the building is not fenced in.

Do not fail to see some of those modern cottages that Young & Bartlett, the land and building brokers have just put on the market.

Mason's reliable glass or porcelain lined top fruit jars, all sizes. Tin top jellies and agate preserving kettles, at Weiler Bros.

Mr. Henry Stone has thoroughly renovated the Club stables, and is now ready to take horses to board by the day, week or month. He will always have the best of grooms, and horses entrusted to his care will receive the best of attention. Parties having their horses at the stable can have them delivered to any part of the city by telephoning. No. of telephone 495.

Merchants Luncheon.

From 11:30 until 2 o'clock and Lowenbrau at the Bank Exchange.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR THE NORTH

The Steamer

BARBARA BOSCOWITZ

—WILL SAIL ON—

Tuesday Evening, Aug. 11th,

AT 7 P. M.,

From Porter's Wharf for Fort Simpson and way ports.

For freight or passage apply to

CAPT. J. D. WARREN

au8-td 115 Government street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LACROSSE---MUSIC

A Championship Game of Lacrosse will be played between the New Westminsters and Victorias on

SATURDAY NEXT, AUGUST 15,

—IN THE—

CALEDONIAN PARK GROUNDS

A grand stand is being erected for the accommodation of spectators.

By kind permission of Admiral Hotham and officers, the splendid

BAND OF H.M.S. WARSPITE

will give a first-class concert programme during the afternoon.

ADMISSION 25 CENTS. au10-td

C. P. N. CO., LD.

For Fort Simpson and Way Ports

Steamer

"Princess Louise"

Capt. McCulloch

Will leave Spratt's wharf on

WEDNESDAY, 12th Instant,

AT 6 P.M.

For freight or passage apply at office of the Company, Wharf street.

JNO. IRVING, Manager.

au10d

THE COLONIAL GUNS,

Manufactured expressly for me for use in British Columbia, are the

Hardest Hitting, Closest Shooting, Best Wearing Guns in the Market.

MY 32-PAGE ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE

Is now out. Send for it.

CHARLES E. TISDALL,

GUNMAKER. VANCOUVER.

au6-d&w

PROFESSORS S. & J. PHILO

Graduates of Vienna Conservatory,

Teachers of Singing, Violin and Piano.

TERMS MODERATE.

jy27 55 Herald street.

Tweed Pants,

Made to Order,

$4.00

RUSSELL McDONALD & CO,

134 DOUGLAS STREET.